NAG Library Function Document nag dggbak (f08wjc)

1 Purpose

nag_dggbak (f08wjc) forms the right or left eigenvectors of the real generalized eigenvalue problem $Ax = \lambda Bx$, by backward transformation on the computed eigenvectors given by nag_dtgevc (f08ykc). It is necessary to call this function only if the optional balancing function nag_dggbal (f08whc) was previously called to balance the matrix pair (A, B).

2 Specification

3 Description

If the matrix pair has been previously balanced using the function nag_dggbal (f08whc) then nag_dggbak (f08wjc) backtransforms the eigenvector solution given by nag_dtgevc (f08ykc). This is usually the sixth and last step in the solution of the generalized eigenvalue problem.

For a description of balancing, see the document for nag dggbal (f08whc).

4 References

Ward R C (1981) Balancing the generalized eigenvalue problem SIAM J. Sci. Stat. Comp. 2 141-152

5 Arguments

1: **order** – Nag_OrderType

Input

On entry: the **order** argument specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order** = Nag_RowMajor. See Section 2.3.1.3 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for a more detailed explanation of the use of this argument.

Constraint: order = Nag_RowMajor or Nag_ColMajor.

2: **job** – Nag JobType

Input

On entry: specifies the backward transformation step required.

job = Nag_DoNothing

No transformations are done.

job = Nag_Permute

Only do backward transformations based on permutations.

job = Nag_Scale

Only do backward transformations based on scaling.

job = Nag_DoBoth

Do backward transformations for both permutations and scaling.

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Note: this must be the same argument **job** as supplied to nag dggbal (f08whc).

Constraint: job = Nag_DoNothing, Nag_Permute, Nag_Scale or Nag_DoBoth.

3: **side** – Nag SideType

Input

On entry: indicates whether left or right eigenvectors are to be transformed.

side = Nag_LeftSide

The left eigenvectors are transformed.

side = Nag_RightSide

The right eigenvectors are transformed.

Constraint: side = Nag_LeftSide or Nag_RightSide.

4: \mathbf{n} - Integer Input

On entry: n, the order of the matrices A and B of the generalized eigenvalue problem.

Constraint: $\mathbf{n} \geq 0$.

5: ilo – Integer

Input

6: **ihi** – Integer

Input

On entry: i_{lo} and i_{hi} as determined by a previous call to nag dggbal (f08whc).

Constraints:

if
$$n > 0$$
, $1 \le ilo \le ihi \le n$;
if $n = 0$, $ilo = 1$ and $ihi = 0$.

7: lscale[dim] - const double

Input

Note: the dimension, dim, of the array **Iscale** must be at least max $(1, \mathbf{n})$.

On entry: details of the permutations and scaling factors applied to the left side of the matrices A and B, as returned by a previous call to nag_dggbal (f08whc).

8: $\mathbf{rscale}[dim] - \mathbf{const} \ \mathbf{double}$

Input

Note: the dimension, dim, of the array **rscale** must be at least $max(1, \mathbf{n})$.

On entry: details of the permutations and scaling factors applied to the right side of the matrices A and B, as returned by a previous call to nag_dggbal (f08whc).

9: \mathbf{m} - Integer Input

On entry: m, the required number of left or right eigenvectors.

Constraint: $0 \le \mathbf{m} \le \mathbf{n}$.

10: $\mathbf{v}[dim]$ – double

Input/Output

Note: the dimension, dim, of the array v must be at least

$$max(1, pdv \times m)$$
 when $order = Nag_ColMajor;$
 $max(1, n \times pdv)$ when $order = Nag_RowMajor.$

The (i, j)th element of the matrix V is stored in

$$\mathbf{v}[(j-1) \times \mathbf{pdv} + i - 1]$$
 when $\mathbf{order} = \text{Nag_ColMajor};$
 $\mathbf{v}[(i-1) \times \mathbf{pdv} + j - 1]$ when $\mathbf{order} = \text{Nag_RowMajor}.$

On entry: the matrix of right or left eigenvectors, as returned by nag dggbal (f08whc).

On exit: the transformed right or left eigenvectors.

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11: **pdv** – Integer

Input

On entry: the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array v.

Constraints:

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if order = Nag_ColMajor, pdv \ge max(1, n); if order = Nag_RowMajor, pdv \ge max(1, m).
```

12: **fail** – NagError *

Input/Output

The NAG error argument (see Section 2.7 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE ALLOC FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

See Section 2.3.1.2 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

NE BAD PARAM

On entry, argument $\langle value \rangle$ had an illegal value.

NE_INT

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On entry, \mathbf{n} = \langle value \rangle.
Constraint: \mathbf{n} \geq 0.
On entry, \mathbf{pdv} = \langle value \rangle.
Constraint: \mathbf{pdv} > 0.
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NE_INT_2

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On entry, \mathbf{m} = \langle value \rangle and \mathbf{n} = \langle value \rangle.
Constraint: 0 \le \mathbf{m} \le \mathbf{n}.
On entry, \mathbf{pdv} = \langle value \rangle and \mathbf{m} = \langle value \rangle.
Constraint: \mathbf{pdv} \ge \max(1, \mathbf{m}).
On entry, \mathbf{pdv} = \langle value \rangle and \mathbf{n} = \langle value \rangle.
Constraint: \mathbf{pdv} \ge \max(1, \mathbf{n}).
```

NE INT 3

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On entry, \mathbf{n} = \langle value \rangle, \mathbf{ilo} = \langle value \rangle and \mathbf{ihi} = \langle value \rangle.
Constraint: if \mathbf{n} > 0, 1 \le \mathbf{ilo} \le \mathbf{ihi} \le \mathbf{n}; if \mathbf{n} = 0, \mathbf{ilo} = 1 and \mathbf{ihi} = 0.
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NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

An unexpected error has been triggered by this function. Please contact NAG.

See Section 2.7.6 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

NE NO LICENCE

Your licence key may have expired or may not have been installed correctly. See Section 2.7.5 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

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7 Accuracy

The errors are negligible, compared with the previous computations.

8 Parallelism and Performance

nag_dggbak (f08wjc) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the x06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this function. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

9 Further Comments

The number of operations is proportional to n^2 .

The complex analogue of this function is nag zggbak (f08wwc).

10 Example

See Section 10 in nag dhgeqz (f08xec) and nag dtgevc (f08ykc).

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