

## NAG Library Function Document

### nag\_zhbevd (f08hqc)

#### 1 Purpose

nag\_zhbevd (f08hqc) computes all the eigenvalues and, optionally, all the eigenvectors of a complex Hermitian band matrix. If the eigenvectors are requested, then it uses a divide-and-conquer algorithm to compute eigenvalues and eigenvectors. However, if only eigenvalues are required, then it uses the Pal–Walker–Kahan variant of the  $QL$  or  $QR$  algorithm.

#### 2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagf08.h>

void nag_zhbevd (Nag_OrderType order, Nag_JobType job, Nag_UploType uplo,
                Integer n, Integer kd, Complex ab[], Integer pdab, double w[],
                Complex z[], Integer pdz, NagError *fail)
```

#### 3 Description

nag\_zhbevd (f08hqc) computes all the eigenvalues and, optionally, all the eigenvectors of a complex Hermitian band matrix  $A$ . In other words, it can compute the spectral factorization of  $A$  as

$$A = Z\Lambda Z^H,$$

where  $\Lambda$  is a real diagonal matrix whose diagonal elements are the eigenvalues  $\lambda_i$ , and  $Z$  is the (complex) unitary matrix whose columns are the eigenvectors  $z_i$ . Thus

$$Az_i = \lambda_i z_i, \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, n.$$

#### 4 References

Anderson E, Bai Z, Bischof C, Blackford S, Demmel J, Dongarra J J, Du Croz J J, Greenbaum A, Hammarling S, McKenney A and Sorensen D (1999) *LAPACK Users' Guide* (3rd Edition) SIAM, Philadelphia <http://www.netlib.org/lapack/lug>

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

#### 5 Arguments

1: **order** – Nag\_OrderType *Input*

*On entry:* the **order** argument specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order** = Nag\_RowMajor. See Section 2.3.1.3 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for a more detailed explanation of the use of this argument.

*Constraint:* **order** = Nag\_RowMajor or Nag\_ColMajor.

2: **job** – Nag\_JobType *Input*

*On entry:* indicates whether eigenvectors are computed.

**job** = Nag\_DoNothing  
Only eigenvalues are computed.

**job** = Nag\_EigVecs  
Eigenvalues and eigenvectors are computed.

*Constraint:* **job** = Nag\_DoNothing or Nag\_EigVecs.

3: **uplo** – Nag\_UploType *Input*

*On entry:* indicates whether the upper or lower triangular part of  $A$  is stored.

**uplo** = Nag\_Upper  
The upper triangular part of  $A$  is stored.

**uplo** = Nag\_Lower  
The lower triangular part of  $A$  is stored.

*Constraint:* **uplo** = Nag\_Upper or Nag\_Lower.

4: **n** – Integer *Input*

*On entry:*  $n$ , the order of the matrix  $A$ .

*Constraint:*  $n \geq 0$ .

5: **kd** – Integer *Input*

*On entry:* if **uplo** = Nag\_Upper, the number of superdiagonals,  $k_d$ , of the matrix  $A$ .

If **uplo** = Nag\_Lower, the number of subdiagonals,  $k_d$ , of the matrix  $A$ .

*Constraint:*  $kd \geq 0$ .

6: **ab**[*dim*] – Complex *Input/Output*

**Note:** the dimension, *dim*, of the array **ab** must be at least  $\max(1, \mathbf{pdab} \times \mathbf{n})$ .

*On entry:* the upper or lower triangle of the  $n$  by  $n$  Hermitian band matrix  $A$ .

This is stored as a notional two-dimensional array with row elements or column elements stored contiguously. The storage of elements of  $A_{ij}$ , depends on the **order** and **uplo** arguments as follows:

if **order** = Nag\_ColMajor and **uplo** = Nag\_Upper,  
 $A_{ij}$  is stored in **ab**[ $k_d + i - j + (j - 1) \times \mathbf{pdab}$ ], for  $j = 1, \dots, n$  and  
 $i = \max(1, j - k_d), \dots, j$ ;  
 if **order** = Nag\_ColMajor and **uplo** = Nag\_Lower,  
 $A_{ij}$  is stored in **ab**[ $i - j + (j - 1) \times \mathbf{pdab}$ ], for  $j = 1, \dots, n$  and  
 $i = j, \dots, \min(n, j + k_d)$ ;  
 if **order** = Nag\_RowMajor and **uplo** = Nag\_Upper,  
 $A_{ij}$  is stored in **ab**[ $j - i + (i - 1) \times \mathbf{pdab}$ ], for  $i = 1, \dots, n$  and  
 $j = i, \dots, \min(n, i + k_d)$ ;  
 if **order** = Nag\_RowMajor and **uplo** = Nag\_Lower,  
 $A_{ij}$  is stored in **ab**[ $k_d + j - i + (i - 1) \times \mathbf{pdab}$ ], for  $i = 1, \dots, n$  and  
 $j = \max(1, i - k_d), \dots, i$ .

*On exit:* **ab** is overwritten by values generated during the reduction to tridiagonal form.

The first superdiagonal or subdiagonal and the diagonal of the tridiagonal matrix  $T$  are returned in **ab** using the same storage format as described above.

7: **pdab** – Integer *Input*

*On entry:* the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) of the matrix  $A$  in the array **ab**.

*Constraint:*  $\mathbf{pdab} \geq \mathbf{kd} + 1$ .

- 8: **w**[*dim*] – double *Output*  
**Note:** the dimension, *dim*, of the array **w** must be at least  $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$ .  
*On exit:* the eigenvalues of the matrix *A* in ascending order.
- 9: **z**[*dim*] – Complex *Output*  
**Note:** the dimension, *dim*, of the array **z** must be at least  
 $\max(1, \mathbf{pdz} \times \mathbf{n})$  when **job** = Nag\_EigVecs;  
 1 when **job** = Nag\_DoNothing.  
 The (*i*, *j*)th element of the matrix *Z* is stored in  
 $\mathbf{z}[(j - 1) \times \mathbf{pdz} + i - 1]$  when **order** = Nag\_ColMajor;  
 $\mathbf{z}[(i - 1) \times \mathbf{pdz} + j - 1]$  when **order** = Nag\_RowMajor.  
*On exit:* if **job** = Nag\_EigVecs, **z** is overwritten by the unitary matrix *Z* which contains the eigenvectors of *A*. The *i*th column of *Z* contains the eigenvector which corresponds to the eigenvalue **w**[*i* - 1].  
 If **job** = Nag\_DoNothing, **z** is not referenced.
- 10: **pdz** – Integer *Input*  
*On entry:* the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **z**.  
*Constraints:*  
 if **job** = Nag\_EigVecs, **pdz**  $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$ ;  
 if **job** = Nag\_DoNothing, **pdz**  $\geq 1$ .
- 11: **fail** – NagError \* *Input/Output*  
 The NAG error argument (see Section 2.7 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation).

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

### NE\_ALLOC\_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

See Section 2.3.1.2 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

### NE\_BAD\_PARAM

On entry, argument *<value>* had an illegal value.

### NE\_CONVERGENCE

If **fail.errnum** = *<value>* and **job** = Nag\_DoNothing, the algorithm failed to converge; *<value>* elements of an intermediate tridiagonal form did not converge to zero; if **fail.errnum** = *<value>* and **job** = Nag\_EigVecs, then the algorithm failed to compute an eigenvalue while working on the submatrix lying in rows and column *<value>*/ $(\mathbf{n} + 1)$  through *<value>* mod  $(\mathbf{n} + 1)$ .

### NE\_ENUM\_INT\_2

On entry, **job** = *<value>*, **pdz** = *<value>* and **n** = *<value>*.

Constraint: if **job** = Nag\_EigVecs, **pdz**  $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$ ;  
 if **job** = Nag\_DoNothing, **pdz**  $\geq 1$ .

**NE\_INT**

On entry, **kd** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .  
 Constraint: **kd**  $\geq 0$ .

On entry, **n** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .  
 Constraint: **n**  $\geq 0$ .

On entry, **pdab** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .  
 Constraint: **pdab**  $> 0$ .

On entry, **pdz** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .  
 Constraint: **pdz**  $> 0$ .

**NE\_INT\_2**

On entry, **pdab** =  $\langle value \rangle$  and **kd** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .  
 Constraint: **pdab**  $\geq$  **kd** + 1.

**NE\_INTERNAL\_ERROR**

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

An unexpected error has been triggered by this function. Please contact NAG.  
 See Section 2.7.6 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

**NE\_NO\_LICENCE**

Your licence key may have expired or may not have been installed correctly.  
 See Section 2.7.5 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

**7 Accuracy**

The computed eigenvalues and eigenvectors are exact for a nearby matrix  $(A + E)$ , where

$$\|E\|_2 = O(\epsilon)\|A\|_2,$$

and  $\epsilon$  is the *machine precision*. See Section 4.7 of Anderson *et al.* (1999) for further details.

**8 Parallelism and Performance**

nag\_zhbevd (f08hqc) is threaded by NAG for parallel execution in multithreaded implementations of the NAG Library.

nag\_zhbevd (f08hqc) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the x06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this function. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

**9 Further Comments**

The real analogue of this function is nag\_dsbevd (f08hcc).

## 10 Example

This example computes all the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the Hermitian band matrix  $A$ , where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 + 0i & 2 - 1i & 3 - 1i & 0 + 0i & 0 + 0i \\ 2 + 1i & 2 + 0i & 3 - 2i & 4 - 2i & 0 + 0i \\ 3 + 1i & 3 + 2i & 3 + 0i & 4 - 3i & 5 - 3i \\ 0 + 0i & 4 + 2i & 4 + 3i & 4 + 0i & 5 - 4i \\ 0 + 0i & 0 + 0i & 5 + 3i & 5 + 4i & 5 + 0i \end{pmatrix}.$$

### 10.1 Program Text

```

/* nag_zhbevd (f08hqc) Example Program.
 *
 * NAGPRODCODE Version.
 *
 * Copyright 2016 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 26, 2016.
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagf08.h>
#include <nagx04.h>
#include <naga02.h>

int main(void)
{
    /* Scalars */
    Integer i, j, k, kd, n, pdab, pdz, w_len;
    Integer exit_status = 0;
    NagError fail;
    Nag_JobType job;
    Nag_UploType uplo;
    Nag_OrderType order;
    /* Arrays */
    char nag_enum_arg[40];
    Complex *ab = 0, *z = 0;
    double *w = 0;

#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
#define AB_UPPER(I, J) ab[(J - 1) * pdab + k + I - J - 1]
#define AB_LOWER(I, J) ab[(J - 1) * pdab + I - J]
#define Z(I, J) z[(J - 1) * pdz + I - 1]
    order = Nag_ColMajor;
#else
#define AB_UPPER(I, J) ab[(I - 1) * pdab + J - 1]
#define AB_LOWER(I, J) ab[(I - 1) * pdab + k + J - I - 1]
#define Z(I, J) z[(I - 1) * pdz + J - 1]
    order = Nag_RowMajor;
#endif

    INIT_FAIL(fail);

    printf("nag_zhbevd (f08hqc) Example Program Results\n\n");

    /* Skip heading in data file */
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%*[\n] ");
#else
    scanf("%*[\n] ");
#endif
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%" NAG_IFMT "%" NAG_IFMT "%*[\n] ", &n, &kd);
#else
    scanf("%" NAG_IFMT "%" NAG_IFMT "%*[\n] ", &n, &kd);
#endif
}

```

```

pdab = kd + 1;
pdz = n;
w_len = n;

/* Allocate memory */
if (!(ab = NAG_ALLOC(pdab * n, Complex)) ||
    !(w = NAG_ALLOC(w_len, double)) || !(z = NAG_ALLOC(n * n, Complex)))
{
    printf("Allocation failure\n");
    exit_status = -1;
    goto END;
}
/* Read whether Upper or Lower part of A is stored */
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%39s%[\n] ", nag_enum_arg, (unsigned)_countof(nag_enum_arg));
#else
    scanf("%39s%[\n] ", nag_enum_arg);
#endif
/* nag_enum_name_to_value (x04nac).
 * Converts NAG enum member name to value
 */
uplo = (Nag_UploType) nag_enum_name_to_value(nag_enum_arg);
/* Read A from data file */
k = kd + 1;
if (uplo == Nag_Upper) {
    for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i) {
        for (j = i; j <= MIN(i + kd, n); ++j) {
#ifdef _WIN32
            scanf_s(" ( %lf , %lf )", &AB_UPPER(i, j).re, &AB_UPPER(i, j).im);
#else
            scanf(" ( %lf , %lf )", &AB_UPPER(i, j).re, &AB_UPPER(i, j).im);
#endif
        }
    }
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%*[\n] ");
#else
    scanf("%*[\n] ");
#endif
}
else {
    for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i) {
        for (j = MAX(1, i - kd); j <= i; ++j) {
#ifdef _WIN32
            scanf_s(" ( %lf , %lf )", &AB_LOWER(i, j).re, &AB_LOWER(i, j).im);
#else
            scanf(" ( %lf , %lf )", &AB_LOWER(i, j).re, &AB_LOWER(i, j).im);
#endif
        }
    }
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%*[\n] ");
#else
    scanf("%*[\n] ");
#endif
}
/* Read type of job to be performed */
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%39s%[\n] ", nag_enum_arg, (unsigned)_countof(nag_enum_arg));
#else
    scanf("%39s%[\n] ", nag_enum_arg);
#endif
job = (Nag_JobType) nag_enum_name_to_value(nag_enum_arg);
/* Calculate all the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of A */
/* nag_zhbevd (f08hqc).
 * All eigenvalues and optionally all eigenvectors of
 * complex Hermitian band matrix (divide-and-conquer)
 */
nag_zhbevd(order, job, uplo, n, kd, ab, pdab, w, z, pdz, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    printf("Error from nag_zhbevd (f08hqc).\n%s\n", fail.message);
}

```

```

    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}
/* Normalize the eigenvectors */
for (j = 1; j <= n; j++) {
    for (i = n; i >= 1; i--) {
        z(i, j) = nag_complex_divide(z(i, j), z(1, j));
    }
}
/* Print eigenvalues and eigenvectors */
printf(" Eigenvalues\n");
for (i = 0; i < n; ++i)
    printf("   %5" NAG_IFMT "   %8.4f\n", i + 1, w[i]);
printf("\n");
/* nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp (x04dbc).
 * Print complex general matrix (comprehensive)
 */
fflush(stdout);
nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp(order, Nag_GeneralMatrix, Nag_NonUnitDiag, n,
                             n, z, pdz, Nag_AboveForm, "%7.4f",
                             "Eigenvectors", Nag_IntegerLabels, 0,
                             Nag_IntegerLabels, 0, 80, 0, 0, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    printf("Error from nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp (x04dbc).\n%s\n",
          fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}
END:
    NAG_FREE(ab);
    NAG_FREE(w);
    NAG_FREE(z);
    return exit_status;
}

```

## 10.2 Program Data

```

nag_zhbevd (f08hqc) Example Program Data
5 2                                     :Values of n and kd
Nag_Lower                               :Value of uplo
(1.0, 0.0)
(2.0, 1.0) (2.0, 0.0)
(3.0, 1.0) (3.0, 2.0) (3.0, 0.0)
                (4.0, 2.0) (4.0, 3.0) (4.0, 0.0)
                (5.0, 3.0) (5.0, 4.0) (5.0, 0.0) :End of matrix A
Nag_EigVecs                             :Value of job

```

### 10.3 Program Results

nag\_zhbevd (f08hqc) Example Program Results

Eigenvalues

1	-6.4185
2	-1.4094
3	1.4421
4	4.4856
5	16.9002

Eigenvectors

	1	2	3	4	5
1	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2	-0.0946	-0.4049	-0.6707	0.8697	2.1263
	-1.6770	0.3789	-0.9748	0.5014	0.2858
3	-1.9916	-0.4773	0.6996	0.3868	3.2531
	0.4226	-0.5467	0.6595	0.0846	1.6026
4	-0.0014	0.5418	-0.9052	-0.3102	2.8478
	1.9659	-0.1307	-0.7115	0.0364	2.6633
5	1.6725	-0.3878	0.0451	0.0318	1.2641
	-0.5221	0.4137	0.5008	-1.0197	3.5697

---