NAG Library Function Document

nag_zhpevd (f08gqc)

1 Purpose

nag_zhpevd (f08gqc) computes all the eigenvalues and, optionally, all the eigenvectors of a complex Hermitian matrix held in packed storage. If the eigenvectors are requested, then it uses a divide-and-conquer algorithm to compute eigenvalues and eigenvectors. However, if only eigenvalues are required, then it uses the Pal–Walker–Kahan variant of the QL or QR algorithm.

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagf08.h>
```

```
void nag_zhpevd (Nag_OrderType order, Nag_JobType job, Nag_UploType uplo,
     Integer n, Complex ap[], double w[], Complex z[], Integer pdz,
     NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

nag_zhpevd (f08gqc) computes all the eigenvalues and, optionally, all the eigenvectors of a complex Hermitian matrix A (held in packed storage). In other words, it can compute the spectral factorization of A as

$$A = Z\Lambda Z^{\mathrm{H}},$$

where Λ is a real diagonal matrix whose diagonal elements are the eigenvalues λ_i, and Z is the (complex) unitary matrix whose columns are the eigenvectors z_i. Thus

$$Az_i = \lambda_i z_i, \quad i = 1, 2, \ldots, n.$$

4 References

Anderson E, Bai Z, Bischof C, Blackford S, Demmel J, Dongarra J J, Du Croz J J, Greenbaum A, Hammarling S, McKenney A and Sorensen D (1999) *LAPACK Users' Guide* (3rd Edition) SIAM, Philadelphia http://www.netlib.org/lapack/lug

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

5 Arguments

1: **order** – Nag_OrderType   *Input*

On entry: the **order** argument specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order** = Nag_RowMajor. See Section 2.3.1.3 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for a more detailed explanation of the use of this argument.

Constraint: **order** = Nag_RowMajor or Nag_ColMajor.

2:     **job** – Nag_JobType   *Input*

On entry: indicates whether eigenvectors are computed.

job = Nag_DoNothing
      Only eigenvalues are computed.

job = Nag_EigVecs
      Eigenvalues and eigenvectors are computed.

Constraint: **job** = Nag_DoNothing or Nag_EigVecs.

3:     **uplo** – Nag_UploType   *Input*

On entry: indicates whether the upper or lower triangular part of A is stored.

uplo = Nag_Upper
      The upper triangular part of A is stored.

uplo = Nag_Lower
      The lower triangular part of A is stored.

Constraint: **uplo** = Nag_Upper or Nag_Lower.

4:     **n** – Integer   *Input*

On entry: n, the order of the matrix A.

Constraint: $\mathbf{n} \geq 0$.

5:     **ap**[dim] – Complex   *Input/Output*

Note: the dimension, dim, of the array **ap** must be at least $\max(1, \mathbf{n} \times (\mathbf{n} + 1)/2)$.

On entry: the upper or lower triangle of the n by n Hermitian matrix A, packed by rows or columns.

The storage of elements A_{ij} depends on the **order** and **uplo** arguments as follows:

      if **order** = Nag_ColMajor and **uplo** = Nag_Upper,
         A_{ij} is stored in **ap**$[(j-1) \times j/2 + i - 1]$, for $i \leq j$;
      if **order** = Nag_ColMajor and **uplo** = Nag_Lower,
         A_{ij} is stored in **ap**$[(2n - j) \times (j - 1)/2 + i - 1]$, for $i \geq j$;
      if **order** = Nag_RowMajor and **uplo** = Nag_Upper,
         A_{ij} is stored in **ap**$[(2n - i) \times (i - 1)/2 + j - 1]$, for $i \leq j$;
      if **order** = Nag_RowMajor and **uplo** = Nag_Lower,
         A_{ij} is stored in **ap**$[(i - 1) \times i/2 + j - 1]$, for $i \geq j$.

On exit: **ap** is overwritten by the values generated during the reduction to tridiagonal form. The elements of the diagonal and the off-diagonal of the tridiagonal matrix overwrite the corresponding elements of A.

6:     **w**[dim] – double   *Output*

Note: the dimension, dim, of the array **w** must be at least $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$.

On exit: the eigenvalues of the matrix A in ascending order.

7:     **z**[dim] – Complex   *Output*

Note: the dimension, dim, of the array **z** must be at least

      $\max(1, \mathbf{pdz} \times \mathbf{n})$ when **job** = Nag_EigVecs;
      1 when **job** = Nag_DoNothing.

The (i, j)th element of the matrix Z is stored in

      z$[(j - 1) \times \mathbf{pdz} + i - 1]$ when **order** = Nag_ColMajor;
      z$[(i - 1) \times \mathbf{pdz} + j - 1]$ when **order** = Nag_RowMajor.

On exit: if **job** = Nag_EigVecs, **z** is overwritten by the unitary matrix Z which contains the eigenvectors of A.

If **job** = Nag_DoNothing, **z** is not referenced.

8: **pdz** – Integer   *Input*

On entry: the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **z**.

Constraints:

> if **job** = Nag_EigVecs, **pdz** $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$;
> if **job** = Nag_DoNothing, **pdz** ≥ 1.

9: **fail** – NagError *   *Input/Output*

The NAG error argument (see Section 2.7 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation).

6   Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_ALLOC_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.
See Section 2.3.1.2 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument $\langle value \rangle$ had an illegal value.

NE_CONVERGENCE

If **fail.errnum** $= \langle value \rangle$ and **job** = Nag_DoNothing, the algorithm failed to converge; $\langle value \rangle$ elements of an intermediate tridiagonal form did not converge to zero; if **fail.errnum** $= \langle value \rangle$ and **job** = Nag_EigVecs, then the algorithm failed to compute an eigenvalue while working on the submatrix lying in rows and column $\langle value \rangle/(\mathbf{n}+1)$ through $\langle value \rangle \bmod (\mathbf{n}+1)$.

NE_ENUM_INT_2

On entry, **job** $= \langle value \rangle$, **pdz** $= \langle value \rangle$ and **n** $= \langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: if **job** = Nag_EigVecs, **pdz** $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$;
if **job** = Nag_DoNothing, **pdz** ≥ 1.

NE_INT

On entry, **n** $= \langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: **n** ≥ 0.

On entry, **pdz** $= \langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: **pdz** > 0.

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

An unexpected error has been triggered by this function. Please contact NAG.
See Section 2.7.6 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

NE_NO_LICENCE

Your licence key may have expired or may not have been installed correctly.
See Section 2.7.5 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

7 Accuracy

The computed eigenvalues and eigenvectors are exact for a nearby matrix $(A + E)$, where

$$\|E\|_2 = O(\epsilon)\|A\|_2,$$

and ϵ is the **machine precision**. See Section 4.7 of Anderson *et al.* (1999) for further details.

8 Parallelism and Performance

nag_zhpevd (f08gqc) is threaded by NAG for parallel execution in multithreaded implementations of the NAG Library.

nag_zhpevd (f08gqc) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the x06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this function. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

9 Further Comments

The real analogue of this function is nag_dspevd (f08gcc).

10 Example

This example computes all the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the Hermitian matrix A, where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1.0 + 0.0i & 2.0 - 1.0i & 3.0 - 1.0i & 4.0 - 1.0i \\ 2.0 + 1.0i & 2.0 + 0.0i & 3.0 - 2.0i & 4.0 - 2.0i \\ 3.0 + 1.0i & 3.0 + 2.0i & 3.0 + 0.0i & 4.0 - 3.0i \\ 4.0 + 1.0i & 4.0 + 2.0i & 4.0 + 3.0i & 4.0 + 0.0i \end{pmatrix}.$$

10.1 Program Text

```
/* nag_zhpevd (f08gqc) Example Program.
 *
 * NAGPRODCODE Version.
 *
 * Copyright 2016 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 26, 2016.
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagf08.h>
#include <nagx04.h>
#include <naga02.h>

int main(void)
{
  /* Scalars */
  Integer i, j, n, ap_len, pdz, w_len;
  Integer exit_status = 0;
  NagError fail;
  Nag_JobType job;
  Nag_UploType uplo;
  Nag_OrderType order;
  /* Arrays */
  char nag_enum_arg[40];
  Complex *ap = 0, *z = 0;
  double *w = 0;
```

```
#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
#define A_UPPER(I, J) ap[J * (J - 1) / 2 + I - 1]
#define A_LOWER(I, J) ap[(2 * n - J) * (J - 1) / 2 + I - 1]
#define Z(I, J) z[(J - 1) * pdz + I - 1]
  order = Nag_ColMajor;
#else
#define A_LOWER(I, J) ap[I * (I - 1) / 2 + J - 1]
#define A_UPPER(I, J) ap[(2 * n - I) * (I - 1) / 2 + J - 1]
#define Z(I, J) z[(I - 1) * pdz + J - 1]
  order = Nag_RowMajor;
#endif

  INIT_FAIL(fail);

  printf("nag_zhpevd (f08gqc) Example Program Results\n\n");

  /* Skip heading in data file */
#ifdef _WIN32
  scanf_s("%*[^\n] ");
#else
  scanf("%*[^\n] ");
#endif
#ifdef _WIN32
  scanf_s("%" NAG_IFMT "%*[^\n] ", &n);
#else
  scanf("%" NAG_IFMT "%*[^\n] ", &n);
#endif
  ap_len = n * (n + 1) / 2;
  w_len = n;
  pdz = n;

  /* Allocate memory */
  if (!(ap = NAG_ALLOC(ap_len, Complex)) ||
      !(z = NAG_ALLOC(n * n, Complex)) || !(w = NAG_ALLOC(w_len, double)))
  {
    printf("Allocation failure\n");
    exit_status = -1;
    goto END;
  }
  /* Read whether Upper or Lower part of A is stored */
#ifdef _WIN32
  scanf_s("%39s%*[^\n] ", nag_enum_arg, (unsigned)_countof(nag_enum_arg));
#else
  scanf("%39s%*[^\n] ", nag_enum_arg);
#endif
  /* nag_enum_name_to_value (x04nac).
   * Converts NAG enum member name to value
   */
  uplo = (Nag_UploType) nag_enum_name_to_value(nag_enum_arg);
  /* Read A from data file */
  if (uplo == Nag_Upper) {
    for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i) {
      for (j = i; j <= n; ++j) {
#ifdef _WIN32
        scanf_s(" ( %lf , %lf )", &A_UPPER(i, j).re, &A_UPPER(i, j).im);
#else
        scanf(" ( %lf , %lf )", &A_UPPER(i, j).re, &A_UPPER(i, j).im);
#endif
      }
    }
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%*[^\n] ");
#else
    scanf("%*[^\n] ");
#endif
  }
  else {
    for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i) {
      for (j = 1; j <= i; ++j) {
#ifdef _WIN32
        scanf_s(" ( %lf , %lf )", &A_LOWER(i, j).re, &A_LOWER(i, j).im);
```

```
#else
        scanf(" ( %lf , %lf )", &A_LOWER(i, j).re, &A_LOWER(i, j).im);
#endif
      }
    }
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%*[^\n] ");
#else
    scanf("%*[^\n] ");
#endif
  }
  /* Read type of job to be performed */
#ifdef _WIN32
  scanf_s("%39s%*[^\n] ", nag_enum_arg, (unsigned)_countof(nag_enum_arg));
#else
  scanf("%39s%*[^\n] ", nag_enum_arg);
#endif
  job = (Nag_JobType) nag_enum_name_to_value(nag_enum_arg);
  /* Calculate all the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of A */
  /* nag_zhpevd (f08gqc).
   * All eigenvalues and optionally all eigenvectors of
   * complex Hermitian matrix, packed storage
   * (divide-and-conquer)
   */
  nag_zhpevd(order, job, uplo, n, ap, w, z, pdz, &fail);
  if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    printf("Error from nag_zhpevd (f08gqc).\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
  }
  /* Normalize the eigenvectors */
  for (j = 1; j <= n; j++) {
    for (i = n; i >= 1; i--) {
      Z(i, j) = nag_complex_divide(Z(i, j), Z(1, j));
    }
  }
  /* Print eigenvalues and eigenvectors */
  printf("Eigenvalues\n");
  for (i = 0; i < n; ++i)
    printf("   %5" NAG_IFMT "    %8.4f\n", i + 1, w[i]);
  printf("\n");
  /* nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp (x04dbc).
   * Print complex general matrix (comprehensive)
   */
  fflush(stdout);
  nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp(order, Nag_GeneralMatrix, Nag_NonUnitDiag, n,
                                n, z, pdz, Nag_AboveForm, "%7.4f",
                                "Eigenvectors", Nag_IntegerLabels, 0,
                                Nag_IntegerLabels, 0, 80, 0, 0, &fail);
  if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    printf("Error from nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp (x04dbc).\n%s\n",
           fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
  }
END:
  NAG_FREE(ap);
  NAG_FREE(w);
  NAG_FREE(z);
  return exit_status;
}
```

10.2 Program Data

```
nag_zhpevd (f08gqc) Example Program Data
  4                                                  :Value of n
  Nag_Upper                                          :Value of uplo
  (1.0, 0.0)  (2.0,-1.0)  (3.0,-1.0)  (4.0,-1.0)
              (2.0, 0.0)  (3.0,-2.0)  (4.0,-2.0)
                          (3.0, 0.0)  (4.0,-3.0)
                                      (4.0, 0.0)     :End of matrix A
  Nag_EigVecs                                        :Value of job
```

10.3 Program Results

```
nag_zhpevd (f08gqc) Example Program Results

Eigenvalues
       1      -4.2443
       2      -0.6886
       3       1.1412
       4      13.7916

 Eigenvectors
         1        2        3        4
 1  1.0000   1.0000   1.0000   1.0000
    0.0000   0.0000  -0.0000  -0.0000

 2  0.6022  -0.7703   0.0516   1.1508
   -0.7483  -0.1746   1.2795  -0.0404

 3 -0.6540   0.4559  -1.1962   1.3404
   -0.7642   0.4892  -0.2954   0.2188

 4 -0.9197  -0.3464   0.7876   1.3674
    0.7044  -0.4448  -0.5075   0.8207
```