

NAG Library Function Document

nag_dae_ivp_dassl_setup (d02mwc)

1 Purpose

nag_dae_ivp_dassl_setup (d02mwc) is a setup function which must be called prior to the integrator nag_dae_ivp_dassl_gen (d02nec), if the DASSL implementation of Backward Differentiation Formulae (BDF) is to be used.

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagd02.h>

void nag_dae_ivp_dassl_setup (Integer neq, Integer maxord,
    Nag_EvaluateJacobian jceval, double hmax, double h0,
    Nag_Boolean vector_tol, Integer icom[], Integer licom, double com[],
    Integer lcom, NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

This integrator setup function must be called before the first call to the integrator nag_dae_ivp_dassl_gen (d02nec). nag_dae_ivp_dassl_setup (d02mwc) permits you to define options for the DASSL integrator, such as: whether the Jacobian is to be provided or is to be approximated numerically by the integrator; the initial and maximum step-sizes for the integration; whether relative and absolute tolerances are system wide or per system equation; and the maximum order of BDF method permitted.

4 References

None.

5 Arguments

- 1: **neq** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the number of differential-algebraic equations to be solved.
Constraint: **neq** \geq 1.
- 2: **maxord** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the maximum order to be used for the BDF method. Orders up to 5th order are available; setting **maxord** $>$ 5 means that the maximum order used will be 5.
Constraint: $1 \leq$ **maxord**.
- 3: **jceval** – Nag_EvaluateJacobian *Input*
On entry: specifies the technique to be used to compute the Jacobian.
jceval = Nag_NumericalJacobian
The Jacobian is to be evaluated numerically by the integrator.
jceval = Nag_AnalyticalJacobian
You must supply a function to evaluate the Jacobian on a call to the integrator.
Constraint: **jceval** = Nag_NumericalJacobian or Nag_AnalyticalJacobian.

- 4: **hmax** – double *Input*
On entry: the maximum absolute step size to be allowed. Set **hmax** = 0.0 if this option is not required.
Constraint: **hmax** ≥ 0.0.
- 5: **h0** – double *Input*
On entry: the step size to be attempted on the first step. Set **h0** = 0.0 if the initial step size is calculated internally.
- 6: **vector_tol** – Nag_Boolean *Input*
On entry: a value to indicate the form of the local error test.
vector_tol = Nag_FALSE
rtol and **atol** are single element vectors.
vector_tol = Nag_TRUE
rtol and **atol** are vectors. This should be chosen if you want to apply different tolerances to each equation in the system.
 See nag_dae_ivp_dassl_gen (d02nec).
Note: the tolerances must either both be single element vectors or both be vectors of length **neq**.
- 7: **icom**[**licom**] – Integer *Communication Array*
On exit: used to communicate details of the task to be carried out to the integration function nag_dae_ivp_dassl_gen (d02nec).
- 8: **licom** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the dimension of the array **icom**.
Constraint: **licom** ≥ **neq** + 50.
- 9: **com**[**lcom**] – double *Communication Array*
On exit: used to communicate problem parameters to the integration function nag_dae_ivp_dassl_gen (d02nec). This must be the same communication array as the array **com** supplied to nag_dae_ivp_dassl_gen (d02nec). In particular, the values of **hmax** and **h0** are contained in **com**.
- 10: **lcom** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the dimension of the array **com**.
Constraints:
 the array **com** must be large enough for the requirements of nag_dae_ivp_dassl_gen (d02nec). That is:
 if the system Jacobian is dense, $\mathbf{lcom} \geq 40 + (\mathbf{maxord} + 4) \times \mathbf{neq} + \mathbf{neq}^2$;
 if the system Jacobian is banded,
 $\mathbf{lcom} \geq 40 + (\mathbf{maxord} + 4) \times \mathbf{neq} + (2 \times \mathbf{ml} + \mathbf{mu} + 1) \times \mathbf{neq} + 2 \times (\mathbf{neq}/(\mathbf{ml} + \mathbf{mu} + 1) + 1)$.
 Here **ml** and **mu** are the lower and upper bandwidths respectively that are to be specified in a subsequent call to nag_dae_ivp_dassl_linalg (d02npc).
- 11: **fail** – NagError * *Input/Output*
 The NAG error argument (see Section 2.7 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_ALLOC_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

See Section 2.3.1.2 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument $\langle value \rangle$ had an illegal value.

NE_INT_ARG_GT

On entry, **licom** = $\langle value \rangle$ and **neq** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **licom** $\geq 50 + \mathbf{neq}$.

NE_INT_ARG_LT

On entry, **maxord** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **maxord** ≥ 1 .

On entry, **neq** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **neq** ≥ 1 .

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

An unexpected error has been triggered by this function. Please contact NAG.

See Section 2.7.6 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

NE_NO_LICENCE

Your licence key may have expired or may not have been installed correctly.

See Section 2.7.5 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

NE_REAL_ARG_LT

On entry, **hmax** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **hmax** ≥ 0.0 .

7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

8 Parallelism and Performance

nag_dae_ivp_dassl_setup (d02mwc) is not threaded in any implementation.

9 Further Comments

None.

10 Example

This example solves the plane pendulum problem, defined by the following equations:

$$\begin{aligned}x' &= u \\y' &= v \\u' &= -\lambda x \\v' &= -\lambda y - 1 \\x^2 + y^2 &= 1.\end{aligned}$$

Differentiating the algebraic constraint once, a new algebraic constraint is obtained

$$xu + yv = 0.$$

Differentiating the algebraic constraint one more time, substituting for x' , y' , u' , v' and using $x^2 + y^2 - 1 = 0$, the corresponding DAE system includes the differential equations and the algebraic equation in λ :

$$u^2 + v^2 - \lambda - y = 0.$$

We solve the reformulated DAE system

$$\begin{aligned}y_1' &= y_3 \\y_2' &= y_4 \\y_3' &= -y_5 \times y_1 \\y_4' &= -y_5 \times y_2 - 1 \\y_3^2 + y_4^2 - y_5 - y_2 &= 0.\end{aligned}$$

For our experiments, we take consistent initial values

$$y_1(0) = 1, y_2(0) = 0, y_3(0) = 0, y_4(0) = 1 \text{ and } y_5(0) = 1$$

at $t = 0$.

10.1 Program Text

```
/* nag_dae_ivp_dassl_setup (d02mwc) Example Program.
 *
 * NAGPRODCODE Version.
 *
 * Copyright 2016 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 26, 2016.
 */

/* Pre-processor includes */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagd02.h>

#ifdef __cplusplus
extern "C"
{
#endif
    static void NAG_CALL res(Integer neq, double t, const double y[],
                             const double ydot[], double r[], Integer *ires,
                             Nag_Comm *comm);
    static void NAG_CALL jac(Integer neq, double t, const double y[],
                             const double ydot[], double *pd, double cj,
                             Nag_Comm *comm);
#ifdef __cplusplus
}
#endif
int main(void)
{
    /* Scalars */
    Integer exit_status = 0;
    Integer i, itask, neq, maxord, licom, lcom;
    double h0, hmax, g1, g2, t, tout;
    /* Arrays */

```

```

static double ruser[2] = { -1.0, -1.0 };
Integer *icom = 0;
double *atol = 0, *com = 0, *rtol = 0, *y = 0, *ydot = 0;
/* NAG types */
Nag_Boolean vector_tol;
Nag_Comm comm;
NagError fail;

INIT_FAIL(fail);

printf("nag_dae_ivp_dassl_setup (d02mwc) Example Program Results\n\n");

/* For communication with user-supplied functions: */
comm.user = ruser;

/* Set problem size and allocate accordingly */
neq = 5;
maxord = 5;
licom = 50 + neq;
lcom = 40 + (maxord + 4 + neq) * neq;
if (!(atol = NAG_ALLOC(neq, double)) ||
    !(com = NAG_ALLOC(lcom, double)) ||
    !(rtol = NAG_ALLOC(neq, double)) ||
    !(y = NAG_ALLOC(neq, double)) ||
    !(ydot = NAG_ALLOC(neq, double)) || !(icom = NAG_ALLOC(licom, Integer)))
{
    printf("Allocation failure\n");
    exit_status = -1;
    goto END;
}

/* Use vector of tolerances */
vector_tol = Nag_TRUE;
for (i = 0; i < neq; i++) {
    rtol[i] = 1.00e-8;
    atol[i] = 1.00e-8;
}
/* Set up integrator to use supplied Jacobian, default step-sizes and
 * vector tolerances using nag_dae_ivp_dassl_setup (d02mwc).
 */
h0 = 0.0;
hmax = 0.0;
nag_dae_ivp_dassl_setup(neq, maxord, Nag_AnalyticalJacobian, hmax, h0,
    vector_tol, icom, lcom, com, lcom, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    printf("Error from nag_dae_ivp_dassl_setup (d02mwc).\n%s\n",
        fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Set initial values */
y[0] = 1.0;
y[1] = 0.0;
y[2] = 0.0;
y[3] = 1.0;
y[4] = 1.0;
for (i = 0; i < neq; i++)
    ydot[i] = 0.0;
t = 0.0;
tout = 1.0;

/* Print header and initial values */
printf("%7s%12s%12s%12s%12s\n", "t", "y_1", "y_2", "y_3", "y_4", "y_5");
printf(" %6.4f", t);
for (i = 0; i < neq; i++)
    printf("%11.6f%s", y[i], (i + 1) % 5 ? " " : "\n");

itask = 0;
while ((itask >= 0) && (itask <= 3) && (t < tout)) {
    /* Integrate using nag_dae_ivp_dassl_gen (d02nec). */
    nag_dae_ivp_dassl_gen(neq, &t, tout, y, ydot, rtol, atol, &itask, res,
        jac, icom, com, lcom, &comm, &fail);
    if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
        printf("Error from nag_dae_ivp_dassl_gen (d02nec).\n%s\n",
            fail.message);
        exit_status = 1;
        goto END;
    }
}

```

```

    }
    else {
        printf("    %6.4f", t);
        for (i = 0; i < neq; i++)
            printf("%11.6f%s", y[i], (i + 1) % 5 ? " " : "\n");
        printf("\n d02nec returned with ITASK = %4" NAG_IFMT "\n\n", itask);
    }
}
if ((itask >= 0) && (itask <= 3)) {
    g1 = y[0] * y[0] + y[1] * y[1] - 1.0;
    g2 = y[0] * y[2] + y[1] * y[3];
    printf(" The position-level constraint G1 = %13.4e\n", g1);
    printf(" The velocity-level constraint G2 = %13.4e\n", g2);
}

END:
NAG_FREE(atol);
NAG_FREE(com);
NAG_FREE(rtol);
NAG_FREE(y);
NAG_FREE(ydot);
NAG_FREE(icom);

return exit_status;
}

static void NAG_CALL res(Integer neq, double t, const double y[],
                        const double ydot[], double r[], Integer *ires,
                        Nag_Comm *comm)
{
    if (comm->user[0] == -1.0) {
        printf("(User-supplied callback res, first invocation.)\n");
        comm->user[0] = 0.0;
    }
    r[0] = y[2] - ydot[0];
    r[1] = y[3] - ydot[1];
    r[2] = -y[4] * y[0] - ydot[2];
    r[3] = -y[4] * y[1] - ydot[3] - 1.0;
    r[4] = y[2] * y[2] + y[3] * y[3] - y[4] - y[1];
    return;
}

static void NAG_CALL jac(Integer neq, double t, const double y[],
                        const double ydot[], double *pd, double cj,
                        Nag_Comm *comm)
{
    Integer pdpd;
    if (comm->user[1] == -1.0) {
        printf("(User-supplied callback jac, first invocation.)\n");
        comm->user[1] = 0.0;
    }
    pdpd = neq;
#define PD(I, J) pd[(J-1)*pdpd + I-1]
    PD(1, 1) = -cj;
    PD(1, 3) = 1.0;
    PD(2, 2) = -cj;
    PD(2, 4) = 1.0;
    PD(3, 1) = -y[4];
    PD(3, 3) = -cj;
    PD(3, 5) = -y[0];
    PD(4, 2) = -y[4];
    PD(4, 4) = -cj;
    PD(4, 5) = -y[1];
    PD(5, 2) = -1.0;
    PD(5, 3) = 2.0 * y[2];
    PD(5, 4) = 2.0 * y[3];
    PD(5, 5) = -1.0;
    return;
}

```

10.2 Program Data

None.

10.3 Program Results

nag_dae_ivp_dassl_setup (d02mwc) Example Program Results

t	y_1	y_2	y_3	y_4	y_5
0.0000	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000	1.000000
(User-supplied callback res, first invocation.)					
(User-supplied callback jac, first invocation.)					
1.0000	0.867349	0.497701	-0.033748	0.058813	-0.493103

d02nec returned with ITASK = 3

The position-level constraint G1 = -8.5802e-09
The velocity-level constraint G2 = -3.0051e-08
