

## NAG Library Function Document

### nag\_dtr\_load (f16qgc)

#### 1 Purpose

nag\_dtr\_load (f16qgc) initializes a real triangular matrix.

#### 2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagf16.h>

void nag_dtr_load (Nag_OrderType order, Nag_UploType uplo, Integer n,
                  double alpha, double diag, double a[], Integer pda, NagError *fail)
```

#### 3 Description

nag\_dtr\_load (f16qgc) forms the real  $n$  by  $n$  triangular matrix  $A$  given by

$$a_{ij} = \begin{cases} d & \text{if } i = j \\ \alpha & \text{if } i \neq j \end{cases}.$$

#### 4 References

Basic Linear Algebra Subprograms Technical (BLAST) Forum (2001) *Basic Linear Algebra Subprograms Technical (BLAST) Forum Standard* University of Tennessee, Knoxville, Tennessee <http://www.netlib.org/blas/blast-forum/blas-report.pdf>

#### 5 Arguments

- 1: **order** – Nag\_OrderType *Input*  
*On entry:* the **order** argument specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order** = Nag\_RowMajor. See Section 2.3.1.3 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for a more detailed explanation of the use of this argument.  
*Constraint:* **order** = Nag\_RowMajor or Nag\_ColMajor.
- 2: **uplo** – Nag\_UploType *Input*  
*On entry:* specifies whether the upper or lower triangular part of  $A$  is stored.  
**uplo** = Nag\_Upper  
 The upper triangular part of  $A$  is stored.  
**uplo** = Nag\_Lower  
 The lower triangular part of  $A$  is stored.  
*Constraint:* **uplo** = Nag\_Upper or Nag\_Lower.
- 3: **n** – Integer *Input*  
*On entry:*  $n$ , the order of the matrix  $A$ .  
*Constraint:*  $n \geq 0$ .

- 4: **alpha** – double *Input*  
*On entry:* the value,  $\alpha$ , to be assigned to the off-diagonal elements of  $A$ .
- 5: **diag** – double *Input*  
*On entry:* the value,  $d$ , to be assigned to the diagonal elements of  $A$ .
- 6: **a**[*dim*] – double *Output*  
**Note:** the dimension, *dim*, of the array **a** must be at least  $\max(1, \mathbf{pda} \times \mathbf{n})$ .  
*On exit:* the  $n$  by  $n$  triangular matrix  $A$ .  
 If **order** = Nag\_ColMajor,  $A_{ij}$  is stored in **a**[( $j - 1$ )  $\times$  **pda** +  $i - 1$ ].  
 If **order** = Nag\_RowMajor,  $A_{ij}$  is stored in **a**[( $i - 1$ )  $\times$  **pda** +  $j - 1$ ].  
 If **uplo** = Nag\_Upper,  $A$  is upper triangular and the elements of the array corresponding to the lower triangular part of  $A$  are not referenced.  
 If **uplo** = Nag\_Lower,  $A$  is lower triangular and the elements of the array corresponding to the upper triangular part of  $A$  are not referenced.
- 7: **pda** – Integer *Input*  
*On entry:* the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) of the matrix  $A$  in the array **a**.  
*Constraint:* **pda**  $\geq$   $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$ .
- 8: **fail** – NagError \* *Input/Output*  
 The NAG error argument (see Section 2.7 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation).

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

### NE\_ALLOC\_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

See Section 3.2.1.2 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

### NE\_BAD\_PARAM

On entry, argument  $\langle value \rangle$  had an illegal value.

### NE\_INT

On entry, **n** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

Constraint: **n**  $\geq$  0.

### NE\_INT\_2

On entry, **pda** =  $\langle value \rangle$ , **n** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

Constraint: **pda**  $\geq$   $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$ .

### NE\_INTERNAL\_ERROR

An unexpected error has been triggered by this function. Please contact NAG.

See Section 3.6.6 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

**NE\_NO\_LICENCE**

Your licence key may have expired or may not have been installed correctly.  
See Section 3.6.5 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

**7 Accuracy**

The BLAS standard requires accurate implementations which avoid unnecessary over/underflow (see Section 2.7 of Basic Linear Algebra Subprograms Technical (BLAST) Forum (2001)).

**8 Parallelism and Performance**

nag\_dtr\_load (f16qgc) is not threaded in any implementation.

**9 Further Comments**

None.

**10 Example**

This example initializes the lower triangular matrix  $A$  with diagonal elements given by  $d = 3.45$  and off-diagonal elements given by  $\alpha = 1.23$ .

**10.1 Program Text**

```

/* nag_dtr_load (f16qgc) Example Program.
 *
 * NAGPRODCODE Version.
 *
 * Copyright 2016 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 26, 2016.
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagf16.h>
#include <nagx04.h>

int main(void)
{
    /* Scalars */
    double alpha, diag;
    Integer exit_status, n, pda;

    /* Arrays */
    double *a = 0;
    char nag_enum_arg[40];

    /* Nag Types */
    NagError fail;
    Nag_MatrixType matrix;
    Nag_OrderType order;
    Nag_UploType uplo;

#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
    order = Nag_ColMajor;
#else
    order = Nag_RowMajor;
#endif

    exit_status = 0;
    INIT_FAIL(fail);

```

```

printf("nag_dtr_load (f16qgc) Example Program Results\n\n");

/* Skip heading in data file */
#ifdef _WIN32
scanf_s("%*[\n] ");
#else
scanf("%*[\n] ");
#endif
/* Read the problem dimension */
#ifdef _WIN32
scanf_s("%" NAG_IFMT "%*[\n] ", &n);
#else
scanf("%" NAG_IFMT "%*[\n] ", &n);
#endif
/* Read uplo */
#ifdef _WIN32
scanf_s("%39s%*[\n] ", nag_enum_arg, (unsigned)_countof(nag_enum_arg));
#else
scanf("%39s%*[\n] ", nag_enum_arg);
#endif
/* nag_enum_name_to_value (x04nac).
 * Converts NAG enum member name to value
 */
uplo = (Nag_UploType) nag_enum_name_to_value(nag_enum_arg);
/* Read scalar parameters */
#ifdef _WIN32
scanf_s("%lf%lf%*[\n] ", &alpha, &diag);
#else
scanf("%lf%lf%*[\n] ", &alpha, &diag);
#endif

pda = n;

if (n > 0) {
/* Allocate memory */
if (!(a = NAG_ALLOC(n * pda, double)))
{
printf("Allocation failure\n");
exit_status = -1;
goto END;
}
}
else {
printf("Invalid n\n");
exit_status = 1;
return exit_status;
}

/* nag_dtr_load (f16qgc).
 * Triangular matrix initialize.
 */
nag_dtr_load(order, uplo, n, alpha, diag, a, pda, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
printf("Error from nag_dtr_load (f16qgc).\n%s\n", fail.message);
exit_status = 1;
goto END;
}

/* Print output */
/* nag_gen_real_mat_print (x04cac).
 * Print real general matrix (easy-to-use)
 */
if (uplo == Nag_Upper)
matrix = Nag_UpperMatrix;
else
matrix = Nag_LowerMatrix;

fflush(stdout);
nag_gen_real_mat_print(order, matrix, Nag_NonUnitDiag,

```

```

        n, n, a, pda, "Matrix A", 0, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    printf("Error from nag_gen_real_mat_print (x04cac).\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}
END:
    NAG_FREE(a);

    return exit_status;
}

```

## 10.2 Program Data

```

nag_dtr_load (f16qgc) Example Program Data
4                               :Value of n
Nag_Lower                       :Value of uplo
1.23 3.45                       :Values of alpha, diag

```

## 10.3 Program Results

```

nag_dtr_load (f16qgc) Example Program Results

```

```

Matrix A
      1      2      3      4
1      3.4500
2      1.2300      3.4500
3      1.2300      1.2300      3.4500
4      1.2300      1.2300      1.2300      3.4500

```

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