

NAG Library Function Document

nag_rand_copula_students_t (g05rcc)

1 Purpose

nag_rand_copula_students_t (g05rcc) sets up a reference vector and generates an array of pseudorandom numbers from a Student's t copula with ν degrees of freedom and covariance matrix $\frac{\nu}{\nu-2}C$.

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagg05.h>
void nag_rand_copula_students_t (Nag_OrderType order, Nag_ModeRNG mode,
    Integer n, Integer df, Integer m, const double c[], Integer pdc,
    double r[], Integer lr, Integer state[], double x[], Integer pdx,
    NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

The Student's t copula, G , is defined by

$$G(u_1, u_2, \dots, u_m; C) = T_{\nu, C}^m(t_{\nu, C_{11}}^{-1}(u_1), t_{\nu, C_{22}}^{-1}(u_2), \dots, t_{\nu, C_{mm}}^{-1}(u_m))$$

where m is the number of dimensions, $T_{\nu, C}^m$ is the multivariate Student's t density function with ν degrees of freedom, mean zero and covariance matrix $\frac{\nu}{\nu-2}C$ and $t_{\nu, C_{ii}}^{-1}$ is the inverse of the univariate Student's t density function with ν degrees of freedom, zero mean and variance $\frac{\nu}{\nu-2}C_{ii}$.

nag_rand_matrix_multi_students_t (g05ryc) is used to generate a vector from a multivariate Student's t distribution and nag_prob_students_t (g01ebc) is used to convert each element of that vector into a uniformly distributed value between zero and one.

One of the initialization functions nag_rand_init_repeatable (g05kfc) (for a repeatable sequence if computed sequentially) or nag_rand_init_nonrepeatable (g05kgc) (for a non-repeatable sequence) must be called prior to the first call to nag_rand_copula_students_t (g05rcc).

4 References

Nelsen R B (1998) *An Introduction to Copulas*. Lecture Notes in Statistics 139 Springer

Sklar A (1973) Random variables: joint distribution functions and copulas *Kybernetika* **9** 499–460

5 Arguments

1:	order – Nag_OrderType	<i>Input</i>
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On entry: the **order** argument specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order** = Nag_RowMajor. See Section 3.2.1.3 in the Essential Introduction for a more detailed explanation of the use of this argument.

Constraint: **order** = Nag_RowMajor or Nag_ColMajor.

2:	mode – Nag_ModeRNG	<i>Input</i>
<i>On entry:</i> a code for selecting the operation to be performed by the function.		
	mode = Nag_InitializeReference	
	Set up reference vector only.	
	mode = Nag_GenerateFromReference	
	Generate variates using reference vector set up in a prior call to nag_rand_copula_students_t (g05rcc).	
	mode = Nag_InitializeAndGenerate	
	Set up reference vector and generate variates.	
<i>Constraint:</i> mode = Nag_InitializeReference, Nag_GenerateFromReference or Nag_InitializeAndGenerate.		
3:	n – Integer	<i>Input</i>
<i>On entry:</i> n , the number of random variates required.		
<i>Constraint:</i> n ≥ 0 .		
4:	df – Integer	<i>Input</i>
<i>On entry:</i> ν , the number of degrees of freedom of the distribution.		
<i>Constraint:</i> df ≥ 3 .		
5:	m – Integer	<i>Input</i>
<i>On entry:</i> m , the number of dimensions of the distribution.		
<i>Constraint:</i> m > 0 .		
6:	c [<i>dim</i>] – const double	<i>Input</i>
Note: the dimension, <i>dim</i> , of the array c must be at least pdc \times m .		
The (i, j) th element of the matrix C is stored in		
$\mathbf{c}[(j - 1) \times \mathbf{pdc} + i - 1]$ when order = Nag_ColMajor;		
$\mathbf{c}[(i - 1) \times \mathbf{pdc} + j - 1]$ when order = Nag_RowMajor.		
<i>On entry:</i> matrix which, along with df , defines the covariance of the distribution. Only the upper triangle need be set.		
<i>Constraint:</i> C must be positive semidefinite to machine precision .		
7:	pdc – Integer	<i>Input</i>
<i>On entry:</i> the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of order) in the array c .		
<i>Constraint:</i> pdc $\geq m$.		
8:	r [<i>lr</i>] – double	<i>Communication Array</i>
<i>On entry:</i> if mode = Nag_GenerateFromReference, the reference vector as set up by nag_rand_copula_students_t (g05rcc) in a previous call with mode = Nag_InitializeReference or Nag_InitializeAndGenerate.		
<i>On exit:</i> if mode = Nag_InitializeReference or Nag_InitializeAndGenerate, the reference vector that can be used in subsequent calls to nag_rand_copula_students_t (g05rcc) with mode = Nag_GenerateFromReference.		

9:	lr – Integer	<i>Input</i>
<i>On entry:</i> the dimension of the array r . If mode = Nag_GenerateFromReference, it must be the same as the value of lr specified in the prior call to nag_rand_copula_students_t (g05rcc) with mode = Nag_InitializeReference or Nag_InitializeAndGenerate.		
<i>Constraint:</i> $\mathbf{lr} \geq \mathbf{m} \times (\mathbf{m} + 1) + 2$.		
10:	state [<i>dim</i>] – Integer	<i>Communication Array</i>
Note: the dimension, <i>dim</i> , of this array is dictated by the requirements of associated functions that must have been previously called. This array MUST be the same array passed as argument state in the previous call to nag_rand_init_repeatable (g05kfc) or nag_rand_init_nonrepeatable (g05kgc).		
<i>On entry:</i> contains information on the selected base generator and its current state.		
<i>On exit:</i> contains updated information on the state of the generator.		
11:	x [<i>dim</i>] – double	<i>Output</i>
Note: the dimension, <i>dim</i> , of the array x must be at least		
$\max(1, \mathbf{pdx} \times \mathbf{m})$ when order = Nag_ColMajor;		
$\max(1, \mathbf{n} \times \mathbf{pdx})$ when order = Nag_RowMajor.		
Where $\mathbf{X}(i, j)$ appears in this document, it refers to the array element		
$\mathbf{x}[(j - 1) \times \mathbf{pdx} + i - 1]$ when order = Nag_ColMajor;		
$\mathbf{x}[(i - 1) \times \mathbf{pdx} + j - 1]$ when order = Nag_RowMajor.		
<i>On exit:</i> the array of values from a multivariate Student's <i>t</i> copula, with $\mathbf{X}(i, j)$ holding the <i>j</i> th dimension for the <i>i</i> th variate.		
12:	pdx – Integer	<i>Input</i>
<i>On entry:</i> the stride used in the array x .		
<i>Constraints:</i>		
if order = Nag_ColMajor, pdx $\geq \mathbf{n}$;		
if order = Nag_RowMajor, pdx $\geq \mathbf{m}$.		
13:	fail – NagError *	<i>Input/Output</i>
The NAG error argument (see Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction).		

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_ALLOC_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

See Section 3.2.1.2 in the Essential Introduction for further information.

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument $\langle\text{value}\rangle$ had an illegal value.

NE_INT

On entry, **df** = $\langle\text{value}\rangle$.

Constraint: $\mathbf{df} \geq 3$.

On entry, **lr** is not large enough, **lr** = $\langle\text{value}\rangle$: minimum length required = $\langle\text{value}\rangle$.

On entry, **m** = $\langle\text{value}\rangle$.

Constraint: $\mathbf{m} > 0$.

On entry, $\mathbf{n} = \langle \text{value} \rangle$.
 Constraint: $\mathbf{n} \geq 0$.

NE_INT_2

On entry, $\mathbf{pdc} = \langle \text{value} \rangle$ and $\mathbf{m} = \langle \text{value} \rangle$.
 Constraint: $\mathbf{pdc} \geq \mathbf{m}$.

On entry, $\mathbf{pdx} = \langle \text{value} \rangle$ and $\mathbf{m} = \langle \text{value} \rangle$.
 Constraint: $\mathbf{pdx} \geq \mathbf{m}$.

On entry, $\mathbf{pdx} = \langle \text{value} \rangle$ and $\mathbf{n} = \langle \text{value} \rangle$.
 Constraint: $\mathbf{pdx} \geq \mathbf{n}$.

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

An unexpected error has been triggered by this function. Please contact NAG.
 See Section 3.6.6 in the Essential Introduction for further information.

NE_INVALID_STATE

On entry, \mathbf{state} vector has been corrupted or not initialized.

NE_NO_LICENCE

Your licence key may have expired or may not have been installed correctly.
 See Section 3.6.5 in the Essential Introduction for further information.

NE_POS_DEF

On entry, the covariance matrix C is not positive semidefinite to *machine precision*.

NE_PREV_CALL

\mathbf{m} is not the same as when \mathbf{r} was set up in a previous call.
 Previous value of $\mathbf{m} = \langle \text{value} \rangle$ and $\mathbf{m} = \langle \text{value} \rangle$.

7 Accuracy

See Section 7 in nag_rand_matrix_multi_students_t (g05ryc) for an indication of the accuracy of the underlying multivariate Student's t -distribution.

8 Parallelism and Performance

nag_rand_copula_students_t (g05rcc) is threaded by NAG for parallel execution in multithreaded implementations of the NAG Library.

nag_rand_copula_students_t (g05rcc) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the X06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this function. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

9 Further Comments

The time taken by nag_rand_copula_students_t (g05rcc) is of order nm^3 .

It is recommended that the diagonal elements of C should not differ too widely in order of magnitude. This may be achieved by scaling the variables if necessary. The actual matrix decomposed is

$C + E = LL^T$, where E is a diagonal matrix with small positive diagonal elements. This ensures that, even when C is singular, or nearly singular, the Cholesky factor L corresponds to a positive definite covariance matrix that agrees with C within **machine precision**.

10 Example

This example prints ten pseudorandom observations from a Student's t copula with ten degrees of freedom and C matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1.69 & 0.39 & -1.86 & 0.07 \\ 0.39 & 98.01 & -7.07 & -0.71 \\ -1.86 & -7.07 & 11.56 & 0.03 \\ 0.07 & -0.71 & 0.03 & 0.01 \end{bmatrix},$$

generated by nag_rand_copula_students_t (g05rcc). All ten observations are generated by a single call to nag_rand_copula_students_t (g05rcc) with mode = Nag_InitializeAndGenerate. The random number generator is initialized by nag_rand_init_repeatable (g05kfc).

10.1 Program Text

```
/* nag_rand_copula_students_t (g05rcc) Example Program.
*
* Copyright 2014 Numerical Algorithms Group.
*
* Mark 9, 2009.
*/
/* Pre-processor includes */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagg05.h>

#define X(I, J) x[(order == Nag_ColMajor)?(J*pdx + I):(I*pdx + J)]
#define C(I, J) c[(order == Nag_ColMajor)?(J*pdc + I):(I*pdc + J)]

int main(void)
{
    /* Integer scalar and array declarations */
    Integer      exit_status = 0;
    Integer      i, j, lstate, lr, x_size;
    Integer      *state = 0;
    Integer      pdx;

    /* NAG structures */
    NagError      fail;
    Nag_ModeRNG   mode;

    /* Double scalar and array declarations */
    double        *r = 0, *x = 0;

    /* Use column major order */
    Nag_OrderType order = Nag_RowMajor;

    /* Set the number of variables and variates */
    Integer      m = 4;
    Integer      n = 10;

    /* Input the covariance matrix */
    double       c[] = { 1.69e0, 0.39e0, -1.86e0, 0.07e0,
                        0.39e0, 98.01e0, -7.07e0, -0.71e0,
                        -1.86e0, -7.07e0, 11.56e0, 0.03e0,
                        0.07e0, -0.71e0, 0.03e0, 0.01e0 };
    Integer      pdc = 4;

    /* Set the degrees of freedom*/
}
```

```

Integer      df = 10;

/* Choose the base generator */
Nag_BaseRNG  genid = Nag_Basic;
Integer      subid = 0;

/* Set the seed */
Integer      seed[] = { 1762543 };
Integer      lseed = 1;

/* Initialise the error structure */
INIT_FAIL(fail);

printf(
    "nag_rand_copula_students_t (g05rcc) Example Program Results\n\n");

/* Get the length of the state array */
lstate = -1;
nag_rand_init_repeatable(genid, subid, seed, lseed, state, &lstate, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from nag_rand_init_repeatable (g05kfc).\n%s\n",
           fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

pdx = (order == Nag_ColMajor)?n:m;
x_size = (order == Nag_ColMajor)?pdx * m:pdx * n;

/* Calculate the size of the reference vector */
lr = m*m+m+2;

/* Allocate arrays */
if (!(r = NAG_ALLOC(lr, double)) ||
    !(x = NAG_ALLOC(x_size, double)) ||
    !(state = NAG_ALLOC(lstate, Integer)))
{
    printf("Allocation failure\n");
    exit_status = -1;
    goto END;
}

/* Initialise the generator to a repeatable sequence */
nag_rand_init_repeatable(genid, subid, seed, lseed, state, &lstate, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from nag_rand_init_repeatable (g05kfc).\n%s\n",
           fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Set up reference vector and generate variates */
mode = Nag_InitializeAndGenerate;
nag_rand_copula_students_t(order, mode, n, df, m, c, pdc, r, lr, state,
                           x, pdx, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from nag_rand_copula_students_t (g05rcc).\n%s\n",
           fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Display the variates */
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
    printf(" ");
    for (j = 0; j < m; j++)
        printf("%9.4f%s", x(i, j), (j+1)%10?" ":"\n");
}

```

```

    if (m%10) printf("\n");
}

END:
NAG_FREE(r);
NAG_FREE(x);
NAG_FREE(state);

return exit_status;
}

```

10.2 Program Data

None.

10.3 Program Results

nag_rand_copula_students_t (g05rcc) Example Program Results

0.6445	0.0527	0.4082	0.8876
0.0701	0.1988	0.8471	0.3521
0.7988	0.6664	0.2194	0.5541
0.8202	0.0492	0.7059	0.9341
0.1786	0.5594	0.7810	0.2836
0.4920	0.2677	0.3427	0.5169
0.4139	0.2978	0.8762	0.7145
0.7437	0.9714	0.8931	0.2487
0.4971	0.9687	0.8142	0.1965
0.6464	0.5304	0.5817	0.4565
