

NAG Library Function Document

nag_rand_agarchI (g05pdc)

1 Purpose

nag_rand_agarchI (g05pdc) generates a given number of terms of a type I AGARCH(p, q) process (see Engle and Ng (1993)).

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagg05.h>

void nag_rand_agarchI (Nag_ErrorDistn dist, Integer num, Integer ip,
    Integer iq, const double theta[], double gamma, Integer df, double ht[],
    double et[], Nag_Boolean fcall, double r[], Integer lr, Integer state[],
    NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

A type I AGARCH(p, q) process can be represented by:

$$h_t = \alpha_0 + \sum_{i=1}^q \alpha_i (\epsilon_{t-i} + \gamma)^2 + \sum_{i=1}^p \beta_i h_{t-i}, \quad t = 1, 2, \dots, T;$$

where $\epsilon_t | \psi_{t-1} = N(0, h_t)$ or $\epsilon_t | \psi_{t-1} = S_t(df, h_t)$. Here S_t is a standardized Student's t -distribution with df degrees of freedom and variance h_t , T is the number of observations in the sequence, ϵ_t is the observed value of the GARCH(p, q) process at time t , h_t is the conditional variance at time t , and ψ_t the set of all information up to time t . Symmetric GARCH sequences are generated when γ is zero, otherwise asymmetric GARCH sequences are generated with γ specifying the amount by which positive (or negative) shocks are to be enhanced.

One of the initialization functions nag_rand_init_repeatable (g05kfc) (for a repeatable sequence if computed sequentially) or nag_rand_init_nonrepeatable (g05kge) (for a non-repeatable sequence) must be called prior to the first call to nag_rand_agarchI (g05pdc).

4 References

Bollerslev T (1986) Generalised autoregressive conditional heteroskedasticity *Journal of Econometrics* **31** 307–327

Engle R (1982) Autoregressive conditional heteroskedasticity with estimates of the variance of United Kingdom inflation *Econometrica* **50** 987–1008

Engle R and Ng V (1993) Measuring and testing the impact of news on volatility *Journal of Finance* **48** 1749–1777

Hamilton J (1994) *Time Series Analysis* Princeton University Press

5 Arguments

1: **dist** – Nag_ErrorDistn *Input*

On entry: the type of distribution to use for ϵ_t .

dist = Nag_NormalDistn
A Normal distribution is used.

- dist** = Nag_Tdistn
A Student's t -distribution is used.
Constraint: **dist** = Nag_NormalDistn or Nag_Tdistn.
- 2: **num** – Integer *Input*
On entry: T , the number of terms in the sequence.
Constraint: **num** ≥ 0 .
- 3: **ip** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the number of coefficients, β_i , for $i = 1, 2, \dots, p$.
Constraint: **ip** ≥ 0 .
- 4: **iq** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the number of coefficients, α_i , for $i = 1, 2, \dots, q$.
Constraint: **iq** ≥ 1 .
- 5: **theta**[**iq** + **ip** + 1] – const double *Input*
On entry: the first element must contain the coefficient α_0 , the next **iq** elements must contain the coefficients α_i , for $i = 1, 2, \dots, q$. The remaining **ip** elements must contain the coefficients β_j , for $j = 1, 2, \dots, p$.
Constraints:

$$\sum_{i=2}^{\text{iq}+\text{ip}+1} \mathbf{theta}[i-1] < 1.0;$$

$$\mathbf{theta}[i-1] \geq 0.0, \text{ for } i = 2, 3, \dots, \mathbf{ip} + \mathbf{iq} + 1.$$
- 6: **gamma** – double *Input*
On entry: the asymmetry parameter γ for the GARCH(p, q) sequence.
- 7: **df** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the number of degrees of freedom for the Student's t -distribution.
If **dist** = Nag_NormalDistn, **df** is not referenced.
Constraint: if **dist** = Nag_Tdistn, **df** > 2 .
- 8: **ht**[**num**] – double *Output*
On exit: the conditional variances h_t , for $t = 1, 2, \dots, T$, for the GARCH(p, q) sequence.
- 9: **et**[**num**] – double *Output*
On exit: the observations ϵ_t , for $t = 1, 2, \dots, T$, for the GARCH(p, q) sequence.
- 10: **fcall** – Nag_Boolean *Input*
On entry: if **fcall** = Nag_TRUE, a new sequence is to be generated, otherwise a given sequence is to be continued using the information in **r**.
- 11: **r**[**lr**] – double *Input/Output*
On entry: the array contains information required to continue a sequence if **fcall** = Nag_FALSE.
On exit: contains information that can be used in a subsequent call of nag_rand_agarchI (g05pdc), with **fcall** = Nag_FALSE.

- 12: **lr** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the dimension of the array **r**.
Constraint: $lr \geq 2 \times (ip + iq + 2)$.
- 13: **state**[*dim*] – Integer *Communication Array*
Note: the dimension, *dim*, of this array is dictated by the requirements of associated functions that must have been previously called. This array MUST be the same array passed as argument **state** in the previous call to nag_rand_init_repeatable (g05kfc) or nag_rand_init_nonrepeatable (g05kgc).
On entry: contains information on the selected base generator and its current state.
On exit: contains updated information on the state of the generator.
- 14: **fail** – NagError * *Input/Output*
The NAG error argument (see Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_ALLOC_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.
See Section 3.2.1.2 in the Essential Introduction for further information.

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument $\langle value \rangle$ had an illegal value.

NE_INT

On entry, **df** = $\langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: $df \geq 3$.

On entry, **ip** = $\langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: $ip \geq 0$.

On entry, **iq** = $\langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: $iq \geq 1$.

On entry, **lr** is not large enough, **lr** = $\langle value \rangle$: minimum length required = $\langle value \rangle$.

On entry, **num** = $\langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: $num \geq 0$.

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

An unexpected error has been triggered by this function. Please contact NAG.
See Section 3.6.6 in the Essential Introduction for further information.

NE_INVALID_STATE

On entry, **state** vector has been corrupted or not initialized.

NE_NO_LICENCE

Your licence key may have expired or may not have been installed correctly.
See Section 3.6.5 in the Essential Introduction for further information.

NE_PREV_CALL

ip or **iq** is not the same as when **r** was set up in a previous call.
 Previous value of **ip** = $\langle value \rangle$ and **ip** = $\langle value \rangle$.
 Previous value of **iq** = $\langle value \rangle$ and **iq** = $\langle value \rangle$.

NE_REAL_ARRAY

On entry, sum of **theta**[$i - 1$], for $i = 2, 3, \dots, \mathbf{ip} + \mathbf{iq} + 1$ is ≥ 1.0 : sum = $\langle value \rangle$.
 On entry, **theta**[$\langle value \rangle$] = $\langle value \rangle$.
 Constraint: **theta**[$i - 1$] ≥ 0.0 .

7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

8 Parallelism and Performance

nag_rand_agarchI (g05pdc) is threaded by NAG for parallel execution in multithreaded implementations of the NAG Library.

Please consult the X06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this function. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

9 Further Comments

None.

10 Example

This example first calls nag_rand_init_repeatabl (g05kfc) to initialize a base generator then calls nag_rand_agarchI (g05pdc) to generate two realizations, each consisting of ten observations, from a symmetric GARCH(1,1) model.

10.1 Program Text

```

/* nag_rand_agarchI (g05pdc) Example Program.
 *
 * Copyright 2014 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 9, 2009.
 */
/* Pre-processor includes */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagg05.h>

int main(void)
{
    /* Integer scalar and array declarations */
    Integer      exit_status = 0;
    Integer      lr, i, lstate;
    Integer      *state = 0;

    /* NAG structures */
    NagError     fail;
    Nag_Boolean  fcall;

    /* Double scalar and array declarations */
    double       *et = 0, *ht = 0, *r = 0;

```

```

/* Number of terms to generate */
Integer      num = 10;

/* Normally distributed errors */
Nag_ErrorDistn dist = Nag_NormalDistn;
Integer      df = 0;

/* Set up the parameters for the series being generated */
Integer      ip = 0;
Integer      iq = 3;
double       theta[] = { 0.8e0, 0.6e0, 0.2e0, 0.1e0 };
double       gamma = -0.4e0;

/* Choose the base generator */
Nag_BaseRNG  genid = Nag_Basic;
Integer      subid = 0;

/* Set the seed */
Integer      seed[] = { 1762543 };
Integer      lseed = 1;

/* Initialise the error structure */
INIT_FAIL(fail);

printf("nag_rand_agarchI (g05pdc) Example Program Results\n\n\n");

/* Get the length of the state array */
lstate = -1;
nag_rand_init_repeatabe(genid, subid, seed, lseed, state, &lstate, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from nag_rand_init_repeatabe (g05kfc).\n%s\n",
           fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Calculate the size of the reference vector */
lr = 2*(iq+ip+2);

/* Allocate arrays */
if (!(et = NAG_ALLOC(num, double)) ||
    !(ht = NAG_ALLOC(num, double)) ||
    !(r = NAG_ALLOC(lr, double)) ||
    !(state = NAG_ALLOC(lstate, Integer)))
{
    printf("Allocation failure\n");
    exit_status = -1;
    goto END;
}

/* Initialise the generator to a repeatable sequence */
nag_rand_init_repeatabe(genid, subid, seed, lseed, state, &lstate, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from nag_rand_init_repeatabe (g05kfc).\n%s\n",
           fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Generate the first realization */
fcall = Nag_TRUE;
nag_rand_agarchI(dist, num, ip, iq, theta, gamma, df, ht, et, fcall, r, lr,
                 state, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from nag_rand_agarchI (g05pdc).\n%s\n",
           fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
}

```

```

    goto END;
}

/* Display the results */
printf(" Realization Number 1\n");
printf("      I          HT(I)          ET(I)\n");
printf("      -----\n");
for (i = 0; i < num; i++)
    printf(" %5"NAG_IFMT" %16.4f %16.4f\n", i+1, ht[i], et[i]);
printf("\n");

/* Generate a second realization */
fcall = Nag_FALSE;
nag_rand_agarchI(dist, num, ip, iq, theta, gamma, df, ht, et, fcall, r, lr,
                 state, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from nag_rand_agarchI (g05pdc).\n%s\n",
          fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Display the results */
printf(" Realization Number 2\n");
printf("      I          HT(I)          ET(I)\n");
printf("      -----\n");
for (i = 0; i < num; i++)
    printf(" %5"NAG_IFMT" %16.4f %16.4f\n", i+1, ht[i], et[i]);

END:
NAG_FREE(et);
NAG_FREE(ht);
NAG_FREE(r);
NAG_FREE(state);

return exit_status;
}

```

10.2 Program Data

None.

10.3 Program Results

nag_rand_agarchI (g05pdc) Example Program Results

Realization Number 1		
I	HT(I)	ET(I)

1	0.9440	0.3389
2	0.8502	-1.1484
3	2.2553	0.9943
4	1.4918	1.0204
5	1.3413	-1.4544
6	2.9757	-0.0326
7	1.6386	-0.3767
8	1.5433	0.9892
9	1.1477	-0.0049
10	1.0281	0.4508

Realization Number 2		
I	HT(I)	ET(I)

1	0.8691	-1.5286
2	3.0485	-1.1339
3	2.9558	0.5424
4	1.6547	-2.0734
5	4.7100	0.5153

6	2.0336	-0.8373
7	2.3331	-1.0912
8	2.4417	3.8999
9	8.7473	3.8171
10	10.4783	0.2480
