

NAG Library Function Document

nag_isum (f16dlc)

1 Purpose

nag_isum (f16dlc) sums the elements of an integer vector.

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagf16.h>
```

```
Integer nag_isum (Integer n, const Integer x[], Integer incx, NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

nag_isum (f16dlc) returns the sum

$$x_1 + x_2 + \cdots + x_n$$

of the elements of an n -element integer vector x .

If $\mathbf{n} = 0$ on entry, nag_isum (f16dlc) immediately returns the value 0.

4 References

Basic Linear Algebra Subprograms Technical (BLAST) Forum (2001) *Basic Linear Algebra Subprograms Technical (BLAST) Forum Standard* University of Tennessee, Knoxville, Tennessee <http://www.netlib.org/blas/blast-forum/blas-report.pdf>

5 Arguments

- 1: **n** – Integer *Input*
On entry: n , the number of elements in x .
Constraint: $\mathbf{n} \geq 0$.
- 2: **x**[*dim*] – const Integer *Input*
Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **x** must be at least $\max(1, 1 + (\mathbf{n} - 1) \times |\mathbf{incx}|)$.
On entry: the n -element vector x .
 If $\mathbf{incx} > 0$, x_i must be stored in $\mathbf{x}[(i - 1) \times |\mathbf{incx}|]$, for $i = 1, 2, \dots, \mathbf{n}$.
 If $\mathbf{incx} < 0$, x_i must be stored in $\mathbf{x}[(\mathbf{n} - i) \times |\mathbf{incx}|]$, for $i = 1, 2, \dots, \mathbf{n}$.
 Intermediate elements of **x** are not referenced. If $\mathbf{n} = 0$, **x** is not referenced and may be **NULL**.
- 3: **incx** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the increment in the subscripts of **x** between successive elements of x .
Constraint: $\mathbf{incx} \neq 0$.
- 4: **fail** – NagError * *Input/Output*
 The NAG error argument (see Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_ALLOC_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.
See Section 3.2.1.2 in the Essential Introduction for further information.

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument $\langle value \rangle$ had an illegal value.

NE_INT

On entry, $\mathbf{incx} = \langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: $\mathbf{incx} \neq 0$.

On entry, $\mathbf{n} = \langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: $\mathbf{n} \geq 0$.

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An unexpected error has been triggered by this function. Please contact NAG.
See Section 3.6.6 in the Essential Introduction for further information.

NE_NO_LICENCE

Your licence key may have expired or may not have been installed correctly.
See Section 3.6.5 in the Essential Introduction for further information.

7 Accuracy

The BLAS standard requires accurate implementations which avoid unnecessary over/underflow (see Section 2.7 of Basic Linear Algebra Subprograms Technical (BLAST) Forum (2001)).

8 Parallelism and Performance

Not applicable.

9 Further Comments

None.

10 Example

This example computes the sum of the elements of

$$x = (1, 10, 11, -2, 9)^T.$$

10.1 Program Text

```

/* nag_isum (f16dlc) Example Program.
 *
 * Copyright 2014 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 9, 2009.
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagf16.h>

int main(void)

```

```

{
/* Scalars */
Integer  exit_status, i, incx, n, sumval, xlen;
/* Arrays */
Integer  *x = 0;
/* Nag Types */
NagError fail;

exit_status = 0;
INIT_FAIL(fail);

printf("nag_isum (f16dlc) Example Program Results\n\n");

/* Skip heading in data file */
#ifdef _WIN32
scanf_s("%*[\n] ");
#else
scanf("%*[\n] ");
#endif
/* Read the number of elements and the increment */
#ifdef _WIN32
scanf_s("%"NAG_IFMT%"NAG_IFMT"%*[\n] ", &n, &incx);
#else
scanf("%"NAG_IFMT%"NAG_IFMT"%*[\n] ", &n, &incx);
#endif

xlen = MAX(1, 1 + (n - 1)*ABS(incx));

if (n > 0)
{
/* Allocate memory */
if (!(x = NAG_ALLOC(xlen, Integer)))
{
printf("Allocation failure\n");
exit_status = -1;
goto END;
}
}
else
{
printf("Invalid n\n");
exit_status = 1;
goto END;
}

/* Input vector x */
for (i = 0; i < xlen; i = i + incx)
#ifdef _WIN32
scanf_s("%"NAG_IFMT"", &x[i]);
#else
scanf("%"NAG_IFMT"", &x[i]);
#endif
#ifdef _WIN32
scanf_s("%*[\n] ");
#else
scanf("%*[\n] ");
#endif

/* nag_isum (f16dlc).
* Sum elements of an Integer vector */
sumval = nag_isum(n, x, incx, &fail);

if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
printf("Error from nag_isum (f16dlc).\n%s\n", fail.message);
exit_status = 1;
goto END;
}

/* Print the sum */
printf("Sum of elements of x is %5"NAG_IFMT"\n", sumval);

```

```
END:
  NAG_FREE(x);

  return exit_status;
}
```

10.2 Program Data

nag_isum (f16dlc) Example Program Data

```
  5  1                                : n and incx
  1 10 11 -2  9                       : Array x
```

10.3 Program Results

nag_isum (f16dlc) Example Program Results

```
Sum of elements of x is    29
```
