

NAG Library Function Document

nag_hermitian_eigenvalues (f02awc)

1 Purpose

nag_hermitian_eigenvalues (f02awc) calculates all the eigenvalues of a complex Hermitian matrix.

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagf02.h>

void nag_hermitian_eigenvalues (Integer n, Complex a[], Integer tda,
                               double r[], NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

The complex Hermitian matrix A is first reduced to a real tridiagonal matrix by $n - 2$ unitary transformations, and a subsequent diagonal transformation. The eigenvalues are then derived using the QL algorithm, an adaptation of the QR algorithm.

4 References

Wilkinson J H and Reinsch C (1971) *Handbook for Automatic Computation II, Linear Algebra* Springer-Verlag

5 Arguments

- 1: **n** – Integer *Input*
On entry: n , the order of the matrix A .
Constraint: $n \geq 1$.
- 2: **a**[$n \times tda$] – Complex *Input/Output*
Note: the (i, j) th element of the matrix A is stored in $\mathbf{a}[(i - 1) \times tda + j - 1]$.
On entry: the elements of the lower triangle of the n by n complex Hermitian matrix A . Elements of the array above the diagonal need not be set.
On exit: \mathbf{a} is overwritten.
- 3: **tda** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the stride separating matrix column elements in the array \mathbf{a} .
Constraint: $tda \geq n$.
- 4: **r**[n] – double *Output*
On exit: the eigenvalues in ascending order.
- 5: **fail** – NagError * *Input/Output*
The NAG error argument (see Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_2_INT_ARG_LT

On entry, $\mathbf{tda} = \langle \text{value} \rangle$ while $\mathbf{n} = \langle \text{value} \rangle$. These arguments must satisfy $\mathbf{tda} \geq \mathbf{n}$.

NE_ALLOC_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

NE_INT_ARG_LT

On entry, $\mathbf{n} = \langle \text{value} \rangle$.
Constraint: $\mathbf{n} \geq 1$.

NE_TOO_MANY_ITERATIONS

More than $\langle \text{value} \rangle$ iterations are required to isolate all the eigenvalues.

7 Accuracy

For a detailed error analysis see page 235 of Wilkinson and Reinsch (1971).

8 Parallelism and Performance

Not applicable.

9 Further Comments

The time taken by `nag_hermitian_eigenvalues` (f02awc) is approximately proportional to n^3 .

10 Example

To calculate all the eigenvalues of the complex Hermitian matrix:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0.50 & 0.00 & 1.84 + 1.38i & 2.08 - 1.56i \\ 0.00 & 0.50 & 1.12 + 0.84i & -0.56 + 0.42i \\ 1.84 - 1.38i & 1.12 - 0.84i & 0.50 & 0.00 \\ 2.08 + 1.56i & -0.56 - 0.42i & 0.00 & 0.50 \end{pmatrix}.$$

10.1 Program Text

```
/* nag_hermitian_eigenvalues (f02awc) Example Program.
 *
 * Copyright 2014 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 2, 1991.
 * Mark 8 revised, 2004.
 */

#include <nag.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagf02.h>

#define A(I, J) a[(I) *tda + J]
int main(void)
{
    Complex *a = 0;
    Integer exit_status = 0, i, j, n, tda;
    NagError fail;
    double *r = 0;

    INIT_FAIL(fail);
```

```

    printf(
        "nag_hermitian_eigenvalues (f02awc) Example Program Results\n");
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%*[\n]"); /* Skip heading in data file */
#else
    scanf("%*[\n]"); /* Skip heading in data file */
#endif
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%"NAG_IFMT"", &n);
#else
    scanf("%"NAG_IFMT"", &n);
#endif
    if (n >= 1)
    {
        if (!(r = NAG_ALLOC(n, double)) ||
            !(a = NAG_ALLOC(n*n, Complex)))
        {
            printf("Allocation failure\n");
            exit_status = -1;
            goto END;
        }
        tda = n;
    }
    else
    {
        printf("Invalid n.\n");
        exit_status = 1;
        return exit_status;
    }
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        for (j = 0; j < n; j++)
#ifdef _WIN32
        scanf_s(" ( %lf, %lf ) ", &A(i, j).re, &A(i, j).im);
#else
        scanf(" ( %lf, %lf ) ", &A(i, j).re, &A(i, j).im);
#endif
    /* nag_hermitian_eigenvalues (f02awc).
     * All eigenvalues of complex Hermitian matrix
     */
    nag_hermitian_eigenvalues(n, a, tda, r, &fail);
    if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
    {
        printf("Error from nag_hermitian_eigenvalues (f02awc).\n%s\n",
            fail.message);
        exit_status = 1;
        goto END;
    }
    printf("Eigenvalues\n");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        printf("%9.4f", r[i]);
    printf("\n");
END:
    NAG_FREE(r);
    NAG_FREE(a);
    return exit_status;
}

```

10.2 Program Data

```

nag_hermitian_eigenvalues (f02awc) Example Program Data
4
(0.50, 0.00) ( 0.00, 0.00) (1.84,1.38) ( 2.08,-1.56)
(0.00, 0.00) ( 0.50, 0.00) (1.12,0.84) (-0.56, 0.42)
(1.84,-1.38) ( 1.12,-0.84) (0.50,0.00) ( 0.00, 0.00)
(2.08, 1.56) (-0.56,-0.42) (0.00,0.00) ( 0.50, 0.00)

```

10.3 Program Results

```
nag_hermitian_eigenvalues (f02awc) Example Program Results
Eigenvalues
  -3.0000  -1.0000   2.0000   4.0000
```
