

NAG Library Function Document

nag_dawson (s15afc)

1 Purpose

nag_dawson (s15afc) returns a value for Dawson's Integral, $F(x)$.

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nags.h>
double nag_dawson (double x)
```

3 Description

nag_dawson (s15afc) evaluates an approximation for Dawson's Integral

$$F(x) = e^{-x^2} \int_0^x e^{t^2} dt.$$

The function is based on two Chebyshev expansions:

For $0 < |x| \leq 4$,

$$F(x) = x \sum_{r=0}^l a_r T_r(t), \quad \text{where } t = 2\left(\frac{x}{4}\right)^2 - 1.$$

For $|x| > 4$,

$$F(x) = \frac{1}{x} \sum_{r=0}^l b_r T_r(t), \quad \text{where } t = 2\left(\frac{4}{x}\right)^2 - 1.$$

For $|x|$ near zero, $F(x) \simeq x$, and for $|x|$ large, $F(x) \simeq \frac{1}{2x}$. These approximations are used for those values of x for which the result is correct to ***machine precision***.

4 References

Abramowitz M and Stegun I A (1972) *Handbook of Mathematical Functions* (3rd Edition) Dover Publications

5 Arguments

1: x – double	<i>Input</i>
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On entry: the argument x of the function.

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

7 Accuracy

Let δ and ϵ be the relative errors in the argument and result respectively.

If δ is considerably greater than the ***machine precision*** (i.e., if δ is due to data errors etc.), then ϵ and δ are approximately related by:

$$\epsilon \simeq \left| \frac{x(1 - 2xF(x))}{F(x)} \right| \delta.$$

The following graph shows the behaviour of the error amplification factor $\left| \frac{x(1 - 2xF(x))}{F(x)} \right|$:

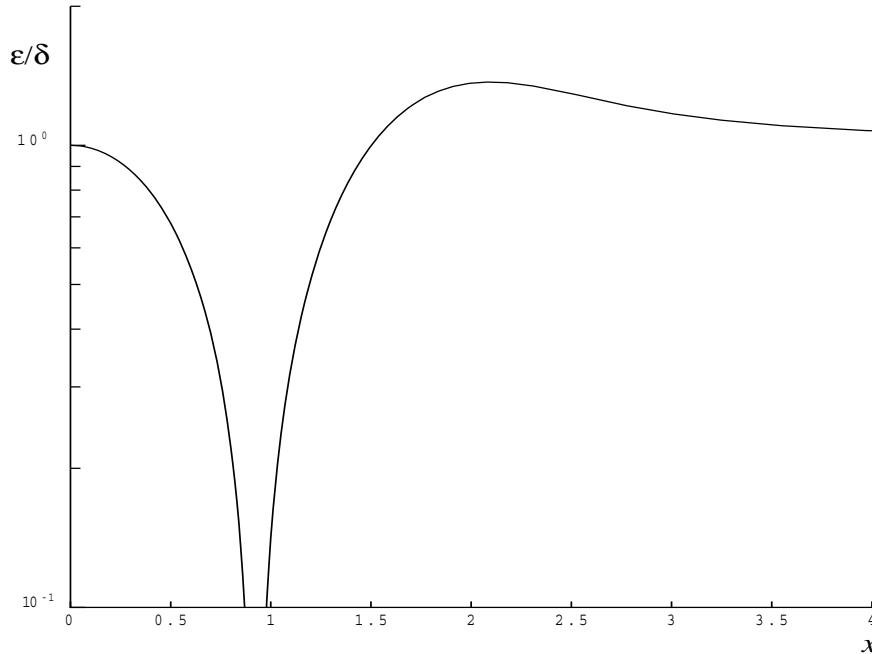


Figure 1

However if δ is of the same order as *machine precision*, then rounding errors could make ϵ somewhat larger than the above relation indicates. In fact ϵ will be largely independent of x or δ , but will be of the order of a few times the *machine precision*.

8 Parallelism and Performance

Not applicable.

9 Further Comments

None.

10 Example

This example reads values of the argument x from a file, evaluates the function at each value of x and prints the results.

10.1 Program Text

```
/* nag_dawson (s15afc) Example Program.
*
* Copyright 2002 Numerical Algorithms Group.
*
* Mark 7, 2002.
*/
#include <nag.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag_stdlb.h>
#include <nags.h>
```

```

int main(void)
{
    double x, y;
    Integer exit_status = 0;

    /* Skip heading in data file */
    scanf("%*[^\n]");
    printf("nag_dawson (s15afc) Example Program Results\n");
    printf("      x           y\n");
    while (scanf("%lf", &x) != EOF)
    {
        /* nag_dawson (s15afc).
         * Dawson's integral
         */
        y = nag_dawson(x);
        printf("%12.3e %12.3e\n", x, y);
    }

    return exit_status;
}

```

10.2 Program Data

```

nag_dawson (s15afc) Example Program Data
-2.0
-0.5
1.0
1.5
2.0
5.0
10.0

```

10.3 Program Results

```

nag_dawson (s15afc) Example Program Results
      x           y
-2.000e+00 -3.013e-01
-5.000e-01 -4.244e-01
1.000e+00  5.381e-01
1.500e+00  4.282e-01
2.000e+00  3.013e-01
5.000e+00  1.021e-01
1.000e+01  5.025e-02

```
