

NAG Library Function Document

nag_cumul_normal_complem (s15acc)

1 Purpose

`nag_cumul_normal_complem (s15acc)` returns the value of the complement of the cumulative Normal distribution function, $Q(x)$.

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nags.h>
double nag_cumul_normal_complem (double x)
```

3 Description

`nag_cumul_normal_complem (s15acc)` evaluates an approximate value for the complement of the cumulative Normal distribution function

$$Q(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_x^\infty e^{-u^2/2} du.$$

The function is based on the fact that

$$Q(x) = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$$

and it calls `nag_erfc (s15adc)` to obtain the necessary value of erfc , the complementary error function.

4 References

Abramowitz M and Stegun I A (1972) *Handbook of Mathematical Functions* (3rd Edition) Dover Publications

5 Arguments

1: x – double	<i>Input</i>
<i>On entry:</i> the argument x of the function.	

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

None.

7 Accuracy

Because of its close relationship with erfc the accuracy of this function is very similar to that in `nag_erfc (s15adc)`. If ϵ and δ are the relative errors in result and argument, respectively, then in principle they are related by

$$|\epsilon| \simeq \left| \frac{xe^{-x^2/2}}{\sqrt{2\pi}Q(x)} \delta \right|.$$

For x negative or small positive this factor is always less than one and accuracy is mainly limited by ***machine precision***. For large positive x we find $\epsilon \sim x^2\delta$ and hence to a certain extent relative accuracy is unavoidably lost. However the absolute error in the result, E , is given by

$$|E| \simeq \left| \frac{xe^{-x^2/2}}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \delta \right|$$

and since this factor is always less than one absolute accuracy can be guaranteed for all x .

8 Parallelism and Performance

Not applicable.

9 Further Comments

None.

10 Example

This example reads values of the argument x from a file, evaluates the function at each value of x and prints the results.

10.1 Program Text

```
/* nag_cumul_normal_complem (s15acc) Example Program.
*
* Copyright 1990 Numerical Algorithms Group.
*
* Mark 1, 1990.
*
* Mark 3 revised, 1994.
*/
#include <nag.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag_stdl�.h>
#include <nags.h>

int main(void)
{
    Integer exit_status = 0;
    double x, y;

    /* Skip heading in data file */
    scanf("%*[^\n]");
    printf("nag_cumul_normal_complem (s15acc) Example Program Results\n");
    printf("      x          y\n");
    while (scanf("%lf", &x) != EOF)
    {
        /* nag_cumul_normal_complem (s15acc).
         * Complement of cumulative Normal distribution function
         * Q(x)
         */
        y = nag_cumul_normal_complem(x);
        printf("%12.3e%12.3e\n", x, y);
    }

    return exit_status;
}
```

10.2 Program Data

```
nag_cumul_normal_complem (s15acc) Example Program Data
-20.0
-1.0
0.0
1.0
2.0
20.0
```

10.3 Program Results

```
nag_cumul_normal_complem (s15acc) Example Program Results
      X          Y
-2.000e+01  1.000e+00
-1.000e+00  8.413e-01
0.000e+00   5.000e-01
1.000e+00   1.587e-01
2.000e+00   2.275e-02
2.000e+01   2.754e-89
```
