

## NAG Library Function Document

### nag\_rand\_bivariate\_copula\_clayton (g05rec)

#### 1 Purpose

nag\_rand\_bivariate\_copula\_clayton (g05rec) generates pseudorandom uniform bivariate with joint distribution of a Clayton/Cook–Johnson Archimedean copula.

#### 2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagg05.h>

void nag_rand_bivariate_copula_clayton (Nag_OrderType order,
    Integer state[], double theta, Integer n, double x[], Integer pdx,
    Integer sdx, NagError *fail)
```

#### 3 Description

Generates pseudorandom uniform bivariate  $\{u_1, u_2\} \in (0, 1]^2$  whose joint distribution is the Clayton/Cook–Johnson Archimedean copula  $C_\theta$  with parameter  $\theta$ , given by

$$C_\theta = [\max(u_1^{-\theta} + u_2^{-\theta} - 1, 0)]^{-1/\theta}, \quad \theta \in (-1, \infty) \setminus \{0\}$$

with the special cases:

$C_{-1} = \max(u_1 + u_2 - 1, 0)$ , the Fréchet–Hoeffding lower bound;

$C_0 = u_1 u_2$ , the product copula;

$C_\infty = \min(u_1, u_2)$ , the Fréchet–Hoeffding upper bound.

The generation method uses conditional sampling.

One of the initialization functions nag\_rand\_init\_repeatable (g05kfc) (for a repeatable sequence if computed sequentially) or nag\_rand\_init\_nonrepeatable (g05kgc) (for a non-repeatable sequence) must be called prior to the first call to nag\_rand\_bivariate\_copula\_clayton (g05rec).

#### 4 References

Nelsen R B (2006) *An Introduction to Copulas* (2nd Edition) Springer Series in Statistics

#### 5 Arguments

- 1: **order** – Nag\_OrderType *Input*  
*On entry:* the **order** argument specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order** = Nag\_RowMajor. See Section 3.2.1.3 in the Essential Introduction for a more detailed explanation of the use of this argument.  
*Constraint:* **order** = Nag\_RowMajor or Nag\_ColMajor.
- 2: **state**[*dim*] – Integer *Communication Array*  
**Note:** the dimension, *dim*, of this array is dictated by the requirements of associated functions that must have been previously called. This array **MUST** be the same array passed as argument **state** in the previous call to nag\_rand\_init\_repeatable (g05kfc) or nag\_rand\_init\_nonrepeatable (g05kgc).  
*On entry:* contains information on the selected base generator and its current state.

*On exit:* contains updated information on the state of the generator.

- 3: **theta** – double *Input*  
*On entry:*  $\theta$ , the copula parameter.  
*Constraint:* **theta**  $\geq -1.0$ .
- 4: **n** – Integer *Input*  
*On entry:*  $n$ , the number of bivariate to generate.  
*Constraint:* **n**  $\geq 0$ .
- 5: **x**[**pdx**  $\times$  **sdx**] – double *Output*  
**Note:** where  $\mathbf{X}(i, j)$  appears in this document, it refers to the array element  $\mathbf{x}[(j - 1) \times \mathbf{pdx} + i - 1]$ .  
*On exit:* the  $n$  bivariate uniforms with joint distribution described by  $C_\theta$ , with  $\mathbf{X}(i, j)$  holding the  $i$ th value for the  $j$ th dimension if **order** = Nag\_ColMajor and the  $j$ th value for the  $i$ th dimension of **order** = Nag\_RowMajor.
- 6: **pdx** – Integer *Input*  
*On entry:* the stride separating matrix row elements in the array **x**.  
*Constraints:*  
     if **order** = Nag\_ColMajor, **pdx**  $\geq \mathbf{n}$ ;  
     if **order** = Nag\_RowMajor, **pdx**  $\geq 2$ .
- 7: **sdx** – Integer *Input*  
*On entry:* the secondary dimension of **X**.  
*Constraints:*  
     if **order** = Nag\_ColMajor, **sdx**  $\geq 2$ ;  
     if **order** = Nag\_RowMajor, **sdx**  $\geq \mathbf{n}$ .
- 8: **fail** – NagError \* *Input/Output*  
 The NAG error argument (see Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction).

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

### NE\_ALLOC\_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

### NE\_BAD\_PARAM

On entry, argument  $\langle value \rangle$  had an illegal value.

### NE\_INT

On entry, **n** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .  
 Constraint: **n**  $\geq 0$ .

### NE\_INT\_2

On entry, **pdx** must be at least  $\langle value \rangle$ : **pdx** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .  
 On entry, **sdx** must be at least  $\langle value \rangle$ : **sdx** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

**NE\_INTERNAL\_ERROR**

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

**NE\_INVALID\_STATE**

On entry, corrupt **state** argument.

**NE\_REAL**

On entry, invalid **theta**: **theta** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .  
Constraint: **theta**  $\geq -1.0$ .

**7 Accuracy**

Not applicable.

**8 Parallelism and Performance**

nag\_rand\_bivariate\_copula\_clayton (g05rec) is threaded by NAG for parallel execution in multithreaded implementations of the NAG Library.

Please consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

**9 Further Comments**

In practice, the need for numerical stability restricts the range of  $\theta$  such that:

- if  $(\theta + 1) < \epsilon$ , the function returns pseudorandom uniform variates with  $C_{-1}$  joint distribution;
- if  $|\theta| < 1.0 \times 10^{-6}$ , the function returns pseudorandom uniform variates with  $C_0$  joint distribution;
- if  $\theta > \ln \epsilon_s / \ln(1.0 \times 10^{-2})$ , the function returns pseudorandom uniform variates with  $C_\infty$  joint distribution;

where  $\epsilon_s$  is the safe-range parameter, the value of which is returned by nag\_real\_safe\_small\_number (X02AMC); and  $\epsilon$  is the *machine precision* returned by nag\_machine\_precision (X02AJC).

**10 Example**

This example generates thirteen variates for copula  $C_{-0.8}$ .

**10.1 Program Text**

```
/* nag_rand_bivariate_copula_clayton (g05rec) Example Program.
 *
 * Copyright 2009, Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 9, 2009.
 */
/* Pre-processor includes */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagg05.h>

#define X(I, J) x[order == Nag_ColMajor?((J-1)*pdx + I-1):((I-1)*pdx + J-1)]

int main(void)
{
    /* Integer scalar and array declarations */
```

```

Integer      exit_status = 0;
Integer      i, lstate, pdx, sdx;
Integer      *state = 0;

/* Double scalar and array declarations */
double      *x = 0;

/* NAG structures */
NagError     fail;

/* Use row major order */
Nag_OrderType order = Nag_RowMajor;

/* Set the number of variates */
Integer      n = 13;

/* Choose the base generator */
Nag_BaseRNG  genid = Nag_Basic;
Integer      subid = 0;

/* Set the seed */
Integer      seed[] = { 1762543 };
Integer      lseed = 1;

/* Set the theta parameter value */
double      theta = -0.8e0;

/* Initialise the error structure */
INIT_FAIL(fail);

printf(
    "nag_rand_bivariate_copula_clayton (g05rec) "
    "Example Program Results\n\n");

/* Get the length of the state array */
lstate = -1;
nag_rand_init_repeatabe(genid, subid, seed, lseed, state, &lstate, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from nag_rand_init_repeatabe (g05kfc).\n%s\n",
        fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Set matrix size and principal dimension according to storage order */
pdx = (order == Nag_ColMajor)?n:2;
sdx = (order == Nag_ColMajor)?2:n;

/* Allocate arrays */
if (!(x = NAG_ALLOC((pdx*sdx), double)) ||
    !(state = NAG_ALLOC(lstate, Integer)))
{
    printf("Allocation failure\n");
    exit_status = -1;
    goto END;
}

/* Initialise the generator to a repeatable sequence */
nag_rand_init_repeatabe(genid, subid, seed, lseed, state, &lstate, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from nag_rand_init_repeatabe (g05kfc).\n%s\n",
        fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Generate variates */
nag_rand_bivariate_copula_clayton(order, state, theta, n, x, pdx, sdx,
    &fail);

```

```
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from "
           "nag_rand_bivariate_copula_clayton (g05rec).\n%s\n",
           fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Display the results */
printf("Uniform variates with copula joint distribution\n");
for (i = 1; i <= n; i++)
{
    printf(" %9.6f   %9.6f\n", X(i, 1), X(i, 2));
}

END:
NAG_FREE(x);
NAG_FREE(state);

return exit_status;
}
```

## 10.2 Program Data

None.

## 10.3 Program Results

nag\_rand\_bivariate\_copula\_clayton (g05rec) Example Program Results

```
Uniform variates with copula joint distribution
0.640009   0.222257
0.115415   0.810119
0.748575   0.143920
0.800287   0.106173
0.113547   0.994596
0.497526   0.765548
0.390418   0.492506
0.789199   0.119611
0.503205   0.411606
0.674986   0.209262
0.060032   0.905477
0.265450   0.708476
0.627568   0.237012
```

---