

NAG Library Function Document

nag_normal_pdf_vector (g01kqc)

1 Purpose

nag_normal_pdf_vector (g01kqc) returns a number of values of the probability density function (PDF), or its logarithm, for the Normal (Gaussian) distributions.

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagg01.h>
void nag_normal_pdf_vector (Nag_Boolean ilog, Integer lx, const double x[],
    Integer lxm, const double xm[], Integer lstd, const double std[],
    double pdf[], Integer invalid[], NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

The Normal distribution with mean μ_i , variance σ_i^2 ; has probability density function (PDF)

$$f(x_i, \mu_i, \sigma_i) = \frac{1}{\sigma_i \sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-(x_i - \mu_i)^2 / 2\sigma_i^2}, \quad \sigma_i > 0.$$

The input arrays to this function are designed to allow maximum flexibility in the supply of vector arguments by re-using elements of any arrays that are shorter than the total number of evaluations required. See Section 2.6 in the g01 Chapter Introduction for further information.

4 References

None.

5 Arguments

- | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|--------------|
| 1: | ilog – Nag Boolean | <i>Input</i> |
| <p><i>On entry:</i> the value of ilog determines whether the logarithmic value is returned in PDF.</p> <p>ilog = Nag_FALSE
 $f(x_i, \mu_i, \sigma_i)$, the probability density function is returned.</p> <p>ilog = Nag_TRUE
 $\log(f(x_i, \mu_i, \sigma_i))$, the logarithm of the probability density function is returned.</p> | | |
| 2: | lx – Integer | <i>Input</i> |
| <p><i>On entry:</i> the length of the array x.</p> <p><i>Constraint:</i> lx > 0.</p> | | |
| 3: | x[lx] – const double | <i>Input</i> |
| <p><i>On entry:</i> x_i, the values at which the PDF is to be evaluated with $x_i = \mathbf{x}[j]$, $j = (i - 1) \bmod \mathbf{lx}$, for $i = 1, 2, \dots, \max(\mathbf{lx}, \mathbf{lstd}, \mathbf{lxml})$.</p> | | |
| 4: | lxml – Integer | <i>Input</i> |
| <p><i>On entry:</i> the length of the array xm.</p> <p><i>Constraint:</i> lxml > 0.</p> | | |

5:	xmu [lxmu] – const double	<i>Input</i>
<i>On entry:</i> μ_i , the means with $\mu_i = \text{xmu}[j]$, $j = (i - 1) \bmod \text{lxmu}$.		
6:	lxstd – Integer	<i>Input</i>
<i>On entry:</i> the length of the array xstd .		
<i>Constraint:</i> lxstd > 0.		
7:	xstd [lxstd] – const double	<i>Input</i>
<i>On entry:</i> σ_i , the standard deviations with $\sigma_i = \text{xstd}[j]$, $j = (i - 1) \bmod \text{lxstd}$.		
<i>Constraint:</i> xstd [j – 1] ≥ 0.0, for $j = 1, 2, \dots, \text{lxstd}$.		
8:	pdf [dim] – double	<i>Output</i>
Note: the dimension, <i>dim</i> , of the array pdf must be at least $\max(\text{lx}, \text{lxstd}, \text{lxmu})$.		
<i>On exit:</i> $f(x_i, \mu_i, \sigma_i)$ or $\log(f(x_i, \mu_i, \sigma_i))$.		
9:	invalid [dim] – Integer	<i>Output</i>
Note: the dimension, <i>dim</i> , of the array invalid must be at least $\max(\text{lx}, \text{lxstd}, \text{lxmu})$.		
<i>On exit:</i> invalid [i – 1] indicates any errors with the input arguments, with		
invalid [i – 1] = 0 No error.		
invalid [i – 1] = 1 $\sigma_i < 0$.		
10:	fail – NagError *	<i>Input/Output</i>
The NAG error argument (see Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction).		

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_ARRAY_SIZE

On entry, array size = $\langle\text{value}\rangle$.
 Constraint: **lx** > 0.

On entry, array size = $\langle\text{value}\rangle$.
 Constraint: **lxmu** > 0.

On entry, array size = $\langle\text{value}\rangle$.
 Constraint: **lxstd** > 0.

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument $\langle\text{value}\rangle$ had an illegal value.

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

NW_INVALID

On entry, at least one value of **xstd** was invalid.
 Check **invalid** for more information.

7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

8 Parallelism and Performance

Not applicable.

9 Further Comments

None.

10 Example

This example prints the value of the Normal distribution PDF at four different points x_i with differing μ_i and σ_i .

10.1 Program Text

```
/* nag_normal_pdf_vector (g01kqc) Example Program.
*
* Copyright 2011, Numerical Algorithms Group.
*
* Mark 23, 2011.
*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagg01.h>

int main(void)
{
    /* Integer scalar and array declarations */
    Integer lx, lxm, lstd, i, lout;
    Integer *invalid = 0;
    Integer exit_status = 0;

    /* NAG structures */
    NagError fail;
    Nag_Boolean ilog;

    /* Double scalar and array declarations */
    double *x = 0, *xmu = 0, *xstd = 0, *pdf = 0;

    /* Character scalar and array declarations */
    char cilog[40];

    /* Initialise the error structure to print out any error messages */
    INIT_FAIL(fail);

    printf("nag_normal_pdf_vector (g01kqc) Example Program Results\n\n");

    /* Skip heading in data file*/
    scanf("%*[^\n] ");

    /* Read in the flag indicating whether logs are required */
    scanf("%39s%*[^\\n] ", cilog);
    ilog = (Nag_Boolean) nag_enum_name_to_value(cilog);

    /* Read in the input vectors */
    scanf("%ld%*[^\\n] ", &lx);
    if (!(x = NAG_ALLOC(lx, double))) {
        printf("Allocation failure\n");
        exit_status = -1;
        goto END;
    }

    /* Read in the mean vector */
    scanf("%lf%*[^\\n] ", &xmu);
    if (!(xmu = NAG_ALLOC(lxm, double))) {
        printf("Allocation failure\n");
        exit_status = -1;
        goto END;
    }

    /* Read in the standard deviation vector */
    scanf("%lf%*[^\\n] ", &lstd);
    if (!(lstd = NAG_ALLOC(lstd, double))) {
        printf("Allocation failure\n");
        exit_status = -1;
        goto END;
    }

    /* Read in the output vector */
    scanf("%ld%*[^\\n] ", &lout);
    if (!(lout = NAG_ALLOC(lout, double))) {
        printf("Allocation failure\n");
        exit_status = -1;
        goto END;
    }

    /* Call the function */
    pdf = nag_normal_pdf_vector(x, xmu, lstd, invalid, ilog);

    /* Print the results */
    for (i = 0; i < lx; i++) {
        printf("%12.4f %12.4f %12.4f %12.4f\n", x[i], xmu[i], lstd[i], pdf[i]);
    }

    /* Clean up */
    NAG_FREE(x);
    NAG_FREE(xmu);
    NAG_FREE(lstd);
    NAG_FREE(lout);
    NAG_FREE(pdf);
    NAG_FREE(invalid);

    END:
    return exit_status;
}
```

```

for (i = 0; i < lx; i++)
    scanf("%lf", &x[i]);
scanf("%*[^\n] ");
scanf("%ld%*[^\n] ", &lxmu);
if (!(xmu = NAG_ALLOC(lxmu, double))) {
    printf("Allocation failure\n");
    exit_status = -1;
    goto END;
}
for (i = 0; i < lxmu; i++)
    scanf("%lf", &xmu[i]);
scanf("%*[^\n] ");
scanf("%ld%*[^\n] ", &lxstd);
if (!(xstd = NAG_ALLOC(lxstd, double))) {
    printf("Allocation failure\n");
    exit_status = -1;
    goto END;
}
for (i = 0; i < lxstd; i++)
    scanf("%lf", &xstd[i]);
scanf("%*[^\n] ");

/* Allocate memory for output */
lout = MAX(lx,MAX(lxmu,lxstd));
if (!(pdf = NAG_ALLOC(lout, double)) ||
    !(invalid = NAG_ALLOC(lout, Integer))) {
    printf("Allocation failure\n");
    exit_status = -1;
    goto END;
}

/* Calculate probability */
nag_normal_pdf_vector(ilog, lx, x, lxmu, xmu, lxstd, xstd, pdf, invalid, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    printf("Error from nag_normal_pdf_vector (g01kqc).\n%s\n",
           fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    if (fail.code != NW_INVALID) goto END;
}

/* Display title */
printf("      x          xmu          xstd          pdf          invalid\n");
printf("      -----\n");

/* Display results */
for (i = 0; i < lout; i++)
    printf("%6.2f      %6.2f      %6.2f      %9.3e      %3ld\n",
           x[i%lx], xmu[i%lxmu], xstd[i%lxstd], pdf[i], invalid[i]);

END:
NAG_FREE(x);
NAG_FREE(xmu);
NAG_FREE(xstd);
NAG_FREE(pdf);
NAG_FREE(invalid);

return(exit_status);
}

```

10.2 Program Data

```

nag_normal_pdf_vector (g01kqc) Example Program Data
Nag_FALSE      :: ILOG
4              :: LX
1.0 4.0 0.1 1.0 :: X
4              :: LXMU
0.0 2.0 0.0 0.0 :: XMU
4              :: LXSTD
1.0 1.0 0.01 10.0 :: XSTD

```

10.3 Program Results

nag_normal_pdf_vector (g01kqc) Example Program Results

x	xmu	xstd	pdf	ivalid
1.00	0.00	1.00	2.420e-01	0
4.00	2.00	1.00	5.399e-02	0
0.10	0.00	0.01	7.695e-21	0
1.00	0.00	10.00	3.970e-02	0

Example Program
Plots of the Gaussian Function (or Normal Distribution).

