

# NAG Library Function Document

## nag\_zgemm (f16zac)

### 1 Purpose

nag\_zgemm (f16zac) performs matrix-matrix multiplication for a complex general matrix.

### 2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagf16.h>

void nag_zgemm (Nag_OrderType order, Nag_TransType transa,
               Nag_TransType transb, Integer m, Integer n, Integer k, Complex alpha,
               const Complex a[], Integer pda, const Complex b[], Integer pdb,
               Complex beta, Complex c[], Integer pdc, NagError *fail)
```

### 3 Description

nag\_zgemm (f16zac) performs one of the matrix-matrix operations

$$\begin{array}{lll} C \leftarrow \alpha AB + \beta C, & C \leftarrow \alpha A^T B + \beta C, & C \leftarrow \alpha A^H B + \beta C, \\ C \leftarrow \alpha AB^T + \beta C, & C \leftarrow \alpha A^T B^T + \beta C, & C \leftarrow \alpha A^H B^T + \beta C, \\ C \leftarrow \alpha AB^H + \beta C, & C \leftarrow \alpha A^T B^H + \beta C & \text{or } C \leftarrow \alpha A^H B^H + \beta C, \end{array}$$

where  $A$ ,  $B$  and  $C$  are complex matrices, and  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are complex scalars;  $C$  is always  $m$  by  $n$ .

### 4 References

Basic Linear Algebra Subprograms Technical (BLAST) Forum (2001) *Basic Linear Algebra Subprograms Technical (BLAST) Forum Standard* University of Tennessee, Knoxville, Tennessee <http://www.netlib.org/blas/blast-forum/blas-report.pdf>

### 5 Arguments

1: **order** – Nag\_OrderType *Input*

*On entry:* the **order** argument specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order** = Nag\_RowMajor. See Section 3.2.1.3 in the Essential Introduction for a more detailed explanation of the use of this argument.

*Constraint:* **order** = Nag\_RowMajor or Nag\_ColMajor.

2: **transa** – Nag\_TransType *Input*

*On entry:* specifies whether the operation involves  $A$ ,  $A^T$  or  $A^H$ .

**transa** = Nag\_NoTrans  
It involves  $A$ .

**transa** = Nag\_Trans  
It involves  $A^T$ .

**transa** = Nag\_ConjTrans  
It involves  $A^H$ .

*Constraint:* **transa** = Nag\_NoTrans, Nag\_Trans or Nag\_ConjTrans.

- 3: **transb** – Nag\_TransType *Input*  
*On entry:* specifies whether the operation involves  $B$ ,  $B^T$  or  $B^H$ .  
**transb** = Nag\_NoTrans  
 It involves  $B$ .  
**transb** = Nag\_Trans  
 It involves  $B^T$ .  
**transb** = Nag\_ConjTrans  
 It involves  $B^H$ .  
*Constraint:* **transb** = Nag\_NoTrans, Nag\_Trans or Nag\_ConjTrans.
- 4: **m** – Integer *Input*  
*On entry:*  $m$ , the number of rows of the matrix  $C$ ; the number of rows of  $A$  if **transa** = Nag\_NoTrans, or the number of columns of  $A$  if **transa** = Nag\_Trans or Nag\_ConjTrans.  
*Constraint:*  $m \geq 0$ .
- 5: **n** – Integer *Input*  
*On entry:*  $n$ , the number of columns of the matrix  $C$ ; the number of columns of  $B$  if **transb** = Nag\_NoTrans, or the number of rows of  $B$  if **transb** = Nag\_Trans or Nag\_ConjTrans.  
*Constraint:*  $n \geq 0$ .
- 6: **k** – Integer *Input*  
*On entry:*  $k$ , the number of columns of  $A$  if **transa** = Nag\_NoTrans, or the number of rows of  $A$  if **transa** = Nag\_Trans or Nag\_ConjTrans; the number of rows of  $B$  if **transb** = Nag\_NoTrans, or the number of columns of  $B$  if **transb** = Nag\_Trans or Nag\_ConjTrans.  
*Constraint:*  $k \geq 0$ .
- 7: **alpha** – Complex *Input*  
*On entry:* the scalar  $\alpha$ .
- 8: **a**[*dim*] – const Complex *Input*  
**Note:** the dimension, *dim*, of the array **a** must be at least  
 $\max(1, \mathbf{pda} \times \mathbf{k})$  when **transa** = Nag\_NoTrans and **order** = Nag\_ColMajor;  
 $\max(1, \mathbf{m} \times \mathbf{pda})$  when **transa** = Nag\_NoTrans and **order** = Nag\_RowMajor;  
 $\max(1, \mathbf{pda} \times \mathbf{m})$  when **transa** = Nag\_Trans or Nag\_ConjTrans and  
**order** = Nag\_ColMajor;  
 $\max(1, \mathbf{k} \times \mathbf{pda})$  when **transa** = Nag\_Trans or Nag\_ConjTrans and  
**order** = Nag\_RowMajor.  
 If **order** = 'Nag\_ColMajor',  $A_{ij}$  is stored in **a**[( $j - 1$ )  $\times$  **pda** +  $i - 1$ ].  
 If **order** = 'Nag\_RowMajor',  $A_{ij}$  is stored in **a**[( $i - 1$ )  $\times$  **pda** +  $j - 1$ ].  
*On entry:* the matrix  $A$ ;  $A$  is  $m$  by  $k$  if **transa** = Nag\_NoTrans, or  $k$  by  $m$  if **transa** = Nag\_Trans or Nag\_ConjTrans.
- 9: **pda** – Integer *Input*  
*On entry:* the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **a**.

*Constraints:*

if **order** = Nag\_ColMajor,  
     if **transa** = Nag\_NoTrans, **pda**  $\geq$  max(1, **m**);  
     if **transa** = Nag\_Trans or Nag\_ConjTrans, **pda**  $\geq$  max(1, **k**);  
 if **order** = Nag\_RowMajor,  
     if **transa** = Nag\_NoTrans, **pda**  $\geq$  max(1, **k**);  
     if **transa** = Nag\_Trans or Nag\_ConjTrans, **pda**  $\geq$  max(1, **m**).

10: **b**[*dim*] – const Complex

*Input*

**Note:** the dimension, *dim*, of the array **b** must be at least

max(1, **pdb**  $\times$  **n**) when **transb** = Nag\_NoTrans and **order** = Nag\_ColMajor;  
 max(1, **k**  $\times$  **pdb**) when **transb** = Nag\_NoTrans and **order** = Nag\_RowMajor;  
 max(1, **pdb**  $\times$  **k**) when **transb** = Nag\_Trans or Nag\_ConjTrans and **order** = Nag\_ColMajor;  
 max(1, **n**  $\times$  **pdb**) when **transb** = Nag\_Trans or Nag\_ConjTrans and  
**order** = Nag\_RowMajor.

If **order** = 'Nag\_ColMajor',  $B_{ij}$  is stored in **b**[(*j* – 1)  $\times$  **pdb** + *i* – 1].

If **order** = 'Nag\_RowMajor',  $B_{ij}$  is stored in **b**[(*i* – 1)  $\times$  **pdb** + *j* – 1].

*On entry:* the matrix *B*; *B* is *k* by *n* if **transb** = Nag\_NoTrans, or *n* by *k* if **transb** = Nag\_Trans or Nag\_ConjTrans.

11: **pdb** – Integer

*Input*

*On entry:* the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **b**.

*Constraints:*

if **order** = Nag\_ColMajor,  
     if **transb** = Nag\_NoTrans, **pdb**  $\geq$  max(1, **k**);  
     if **transb** = Nag\_Trans or Nag\_ConjTrans, **pdb**  $\geq$  max(1, **n**);  
 if **order** = Nag\_RowMajor,  
     if **transb** = Nag\_NoTrans, **pdb**  $\geq$  max(1, **n**);  
     if **transb** = Nag\_Trans or Nag\_ConjTrans, **pdb**  $\geq$  max(1, **k**).

12: **beta** – Complex

*Input*

*On entry:* the scalar  $\beta$ .

13: **c**[*dim*] – Complex

*Input/Output*

**Note:** the dimension, *dim*, of the array **c** must be at least

max(1, **pdc**  $\times$  **n**) when **order** = Nag\_ColMajor;  
 max(1, **m**  $\times$  **pdc**) when **order** = Nag\_RowMajor.

If **order** = 'Nag\_ColMajor',  $C_{ij}$  is stored in **c**[(*j* – 1)  $\times$  **pdc** + *i* – 1].

If **order** = 'Nag\_RowMajor',  $C_{ij}$  is stored in **c**[(*i* – 1)  $\times$  **pdc** + *j* – 1].

*On entry:* the *m* by *n* matrix *C*.

If **beta** = 0, **c** need not be set.

*On exit:* the updated matrix *C*.

14: **pdc** – Integer

*Input*

*On entry:* the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **c**.

Constraints:

if **order** = Nag\_ColMajor, **pdc**  $\geq$  max(1, **m**);  
 if **order** = Nag\_RowMajor, **pdc**  $\geq$  max(1, **n**).

15: **fail** – NagError \*

*Input/Output*

The NAG error argument (see Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction).

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

### NE\_ALLOC\_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

### NE\_BAD\_PARAM

On entry, argument  $\langle value \rangle$  had an illegal value.

### NE\_ENUM\_INT\_2

On entry, **transa** =  $\langle value \rangle$ , **k** =  $\langle value \rangle$ , **pda** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

Constraint: if **transa** = Nag\_NoTrans, **pda**  $\geq$  max(1, **k**).

On entry, **transa** =  $\langle value \rangle$ , **m** =  $\langle value \rangle$ , **pda** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

Constraint: if **transa** = Nag\_Trans or Nag\_ConjTrans, **pda**  $\geq$  max(1, **m**).

On entry, **transa** =  $\langle value \rangle$ , **pda** =  $\langle value \rangle$ , **k** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

Constraint: if **transa** = Nag\_Trans or Nag\_ConjTrans, **pda**  $\geq$  max(1, **k**).

On entry, **transa** =  $\langle value \rangle$ , **pda** =  $\langle value \rangle$ , **m** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

Constraint: if **transa** = Nag\_NoTrans, **pda**  $\geq$  max(1, **m**).

On entry, **transb** =  $\langle value \rangle$ , **k** =  $\langle value \rangle$ , **pdb** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

Constraint: if **transb** = Nag\_NoTrans, **pdb**  $\geq$  max(1, **k**).

On entry, **transb** =  $\langle value \rangle$ , **k** =  $\langle value \rangle$ , **pdb** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

Constraint: if **transb** = Nag\_Trans or Nag\_ConjTrans, **pdb**  $\geq$  max(1, **k**).

On entry, **transb** =  $\langle value \rangle$ , **n** =  $\langle value \rangle$ , **pdb** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

Constraint: if **transb** = Nag\_NoTrans, **pdb**  $\geq$  max(1, **n**).

On entry, **transb** =  $\langle value \rangle$ , **n** =  $\langle value \rangle$ , **pdb** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

Constraint: if **transb** = Nag\_Trans or Nag\_ConjTrans, **pdb**  $\geq$  max(1, **n**).

### NE\_INT

On entry, **k** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

Constraint: **k**  $\geq$  0.

On entry, **m** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

Constraint: **m**  $\geq$  0.

On entry, **n** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

Constraint: **n**  $\geq$  0.

### NE\_INT\_2

On entry, **pdc** =  $\langle value \rangle$ , **m** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

Constraint: **pdc**  $\geq$  max(1, **m**).

On entry, **pdc** =  $\langle value \rangle$  and **n** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

Constraint: **pdc**  $\geq$  max(1, **n**).

**NE\_INTERNAL\_ERROR**

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

**7 Accuracy**

The BLAS standard requires accurate implementations which avoid unnecessary over/underflow (see Section 2.7 of Basic Linear Algebra Subprograms Technical (BLAST) Forum (2001)).

**8 Parallelism and Performance**

Not applicable.

**9 Further Comments**

None.

**10 Example**

This example computes the matrix-matrix product

$$C = \alpha AB + \beta C$$

where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1.0 + 1.0i & 1.0 + 2.0i & -2.0 + 3.0i \\ 2.0 + 1.0i & 2.0 + 2.0i & 1.0 + 2.0i \\ 3.0 + 1.0i & 3.0 + 2.0i & -3.0 + 2.0i \end{pmatrix},$$

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} 1.0 - 1.0i & 1.0 + 2.0i \\ -2.0 + 1.0i & 2.0 - 2.0i \\ 3.0 - 1.0i & -3.0 + 1.0i \end{pmatrix},$$

$$C = \begin{pmatrix} -3.5 - 0.5i & 1.5 + 2.0i \\ -4.5 + 1.5i & -2.0 + 3.5i \\ -5.5 + 3.5i & 3.0 - 1.5i \end{pmatrix},$$

$$\alpha = 1.0 + 0.0i \quad \text{and} \quad \beta = 2.0 + 0.0i.$$

**10.1 Program Text**

```

/* nag_zgemm (f16zac) Example Program.
 *
 * Copyright 2005 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 8, 2005.
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagf16.h>
#include <nagx04.h>

int main(void)
{
    /* Scalars */
    Complex      alpha, beta;
    Integer      exit_status, i, j, k, m, n, pda, pdb, pdc;

```

```

/* Arrays */
Complex      *a = 0, *b = 0, *c = 0;
char         nag_enum_arg[40];

/* Nag Types */
NagError     fail;
Nag_OrderType order;
Nag_TransType transa;
Nag_TransType transb;

#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
#define A(I, J) a[(J-1)*pda + I - 1]
#define B(I, J) b[(J-1)*pdb + I - 1]
#define C(I, J) c[(J-1)*pdc + I - 1]
    order = Nag_ColMajor;
#else
#define A(I, J) a[(I-1)*pda + J - 1]
#define B(I, J) b[(I-1)*pdb + J - 1]
#define C(I, J) c[(I-1)*pdc + J - 1]
    order = Nag_RowMajor;
#endif

    exit_status = 0;
    INIT_FAIL(fail);

    printf("nag_zgemm (f16zac) Example Program Results\n\n");

    /* Skip heading in data file */
    scanf("%*[\n] ");

    /* Read the problem dimensions */
    scanf("%ld%ld%ld%*[\n] ",
          &m, &n, &k);

    /* Read the transpose parameters */
    scanf("%39s%*[\n] ", nag_enum_arg);
    /* nag_enum_name_to_value (x04nac).
     * Converts NAG enum member name to value
     */
    transa = (Nag_TransType) nag_enum_name_to_value(nag_enum_arg);
    scanf("%39s%*[\n] ", nag_enum_arg);
    /* nag_enum_name_to_value (x04nac).
     * Converts NAG enum member name to value
     */
    transb = (Nag_TransType) nag_enum_name_to_value(nag_enum_arg);
    /* Read scalar parameters */
    scanf(" ( %lf , %lf ) ( %lf , %lf )%*[\n] ",
          &alpha.re, &alpha.im, &beta.re, &beta.im);

#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
    pdc = m;
    if (transa == Nag_NoTrans && transb == Nag_NoTrans)
    {
        pda = m;
        pdb = k;
    }
    else if ((transa == Nag_Trans || transa == Nag_ConjTrans)
             && transb == Nag_NoTrans)
    {
        pda = k;
        pdb = k;
    }
    else if (transa == Nag_NoTrans &&
             (transb == Nag_Trans || transb == Nag_ConjTrans))
    {
        pda = m;
        pdb = n;
    }
    else
    {
        pda = k;
    }

```

```

        pdb = n;
    }
#else
    pdc = n;
    if (transa == Nag_NoTrans && transb == Nag_NoTrans)
    {
        pda = k;
        pdb = n;
    }
    else if ((transa == Nag_Trans || transa == Nag_ConjTrans)
             && transb == Nag_NoTrans)
    {
        pda = m;
        pdb = n;
    }
    else if (transa == Nag_NoTrans &&
             (transb == Nag_Trans || transb == Nag_ConjTrans))
    {
        pda = k;
        pdb = k;
    }
    else
    {
        pda = m;
        pdb = k;
    }
#endif

    if (m > 0 && n > 0)
    {
        /* Allocate memory */
        if (!(a = NAG_ALLOC(m*k, Complex)) ||
            !(b = NAG_ALLOC(n*k, Complex)) ||
            !(c = NAG_ALLOC(m*n, Complex)))
        {
            printf("Allocation failure\n");
            exit_status = -1;
            goto END;
        }
    }
    else
    {
        printf("Invalid m, n or k\n");
        exit_status = 1;
        return exit_status;
    }

    /* Input matrix A */
    if (transa == Nag_NoTrans)
    {
        for (i = 1; i <= m; ++i)
        {
            for (j = 1; j <= k; ++j)
                scanf(" ( %lf , %lf )", &A(i, j).re, &A(i, j).im);
        }
        scanf("%*[\n] ");
    }
    else
    {
        for (i = 1; i <= k; ++i)
        {
            for (j = 1; j <= m; ++j)
                scanf(" ( %lf , %lf )", &A(i, j).re, &A(i, j).im);
        }
        scanf("%*[\n] ");
    }

    /* Input matrix B */
    if (transb == Nag_NoTrans)
    {
        for (i = 1; i <= k; ++i)

```

```

        {
            for (j = 1; j <= n; ++j)
                scanf(" ( %lf , %lf )", &B(i, j).re, &B(i, j).im);
        }
        scanf("%*[\n] ");
    }
    else
    {
        for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
        {
            for (j = 1; j <= k; ++j)
                scanf(" ( %lf , %lf )", &B(i, j).re, &B(i, j).im);
        }
        scanf("%*[\n] ");
    }

/* Input matrix C */
for (i = 1; i <= m; ++i)
{
    for (j = 1; j <= n; ++j)
        scanf(" ( %lf , %lf )", &C(i, j).re, &C(i, j).im);
}
scanf("%*[\n] ");

/* nag_zgemm (f16zac).
 * Complex matrix-matrix multiply.
 */
nag_zgemm(order, transa, transb, m, n, k, alpha, a, pda,
          b, pdb, beta, c, pdc, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from nag_zgemm.\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Print result */
/* nag_gen_complx_mat_print (x04dac).
 * Print Complex general matrix (easy-to-use)
 */
fflush(stdout);
nag_gen_complx_mat_print(order, Nag_GeneralMatrix, Nag_NonUnitDiag,
                        m, n, c, pdc, "Matrix Matrix Product", 0,
                        &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from nag_gen_complx_mat_print (x04dac).\n%s\n",
          fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

END:
NAG_FREE(a);
NAG_FREE(b);
NAG_FREE(c);

return exit_status;
}

```

## 10.2 Program Data

```

nag_zgemm (f16zac) Example Program Data
3 2 3           :Values of m, n, k
Nag_NoTrans    : transa
Nag_NoTrans    : transb
( 1.0, 0.0) ( 2.0, 0.0) : alpha, beta
( 1.0, 1.0) ( 1.0, 2.0) (-2.0, 3.0)
( 2.0, 1.0) ( 2.0, 2.0) ( 1.0, 2.0)

```



```
( 3.0, 1.0) ( 3.0, 2.0) (-3.0, 2.0) : the end of matrix A
( 1.0,-1.0) ( 1.0, 2.0)
(-2.0, 1.0) ( 2.0,-2.0)
( 3.0,-1.0) (-3.0, 1.0) : the end of matrix B
(-3.5,-0.5) ( 1.5, 2.0)
(-4.5, 1.5) (-2.0, 3.5)
(-5.5, 3.5) ( 3.0,-1.5) : the end of matrix C
```

### 10.3 Program Results

nag\_zgemm (f16zac) Example Program Results

Matrix	Matrix	Product
	1	2
1	-12.0000 7.0000	11.0000 -2.0000
2	-7.0000 5.0000	-1.0000 7.0000
3	-22.0000 13.0000	24.0000 -7.0000

---