

NAG Library Function Document

nag_zge_load (f16thc)

1 Purpose

nag_zge_load (f16thc) initializes a complex general matrix.

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagf16.h>

void nag_zge_load (Nag_OrderType order, Integer m, Integer n, Complex alpha,
                  Complex diag, Complex a[], Integer pda, NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

nag_zge_load (f16thc) forms the complex m by n general matrix A given by

$$a_{ij} = \begin{cases} d & \text{if } i = j \\ \alpha & \text{if } i \neq j \end{cases}$$

4 References

Basic Linear Algebra Subprograms Technical (BLAST) Forum (2001) *Basic Linear Algebra Subprograms Technical (BLAST) Forum Standard* University of Tennessee, Knoxville, Tennessee <http://www.netlib.org/blas/blast-forum/blas-report.pdf>

5 Arguments

- 1: **order** – Nag_OrderType *Input*
On entry: the **order** argument specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order** = Nag_RowMajor. See Section 3.2.1.3 in the Essential Introduction for a more detailed explanation of the use of this argument.
Constraint: **order** = Nag_RowMajor or Nag_ColMajor.
- 2: **m** – Integer *Input*
On entry: m , the number of rows of the matrix A .
Constraint: $m \geq 0$.
- 3: **n** – Integer *Input*
On entry: n , the number of columns of the matrix A .
Constraint: $n \geq 0$.
- 4: **alpha** – Complex *Input*
On entry: the value, α , to be assigned to the off-diagonal elements of A .
- 5: **diag** – Complex *Input*
On entry: the value, d , to be assigned to the diagonal elements of A .

- 6: **a**[*dim*] – Complex *Output*
Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **a** must be at least
 $\max(1, \mathbf{pda} \times \mathbf{n})$ when **order** = Nag_ColMajor;
 $\max(1, \mathbf{m} \times \mathbf{pda})$ when **order** = Nag_RowMajor.
 If **order** = 'Nag_ColMajor', A_{ij} is stored in **a**[(*j* – 1) × **pda** + *i* – 1].
 If **order** = 'Nag_RowMajor', A_{ij} is stored in **a**[(*i* – 1) × **pda** + *j* – 1].
On exit: the *m* by *n* general matrix *A* with diagonal elements set to **diag** and off-diagonal elements set to **alpha**.
- 7: **pda** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) of the matrix *A* in the array **a**.
Constraint: **pda** ≥ max(1, **m**).
- 8: **fail** – NagError * *Input/Output*
 The NAG error argument (see Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument *<value>* had an illegal value.

NE_INT

On entry, **m** = *<value>*.

Constraint: **m** ≥ 0.

On entry, **n** = *<value>*.

Constraint: **n** ≥ 0.

NE_INT_2

On entry, **pda** = *<value>*, **m** = *<value>*.

Constraint: **pda** ≥ max(1, **m**).

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

7 Accuracy

The BLAS standard requires accurate implementations which avoid unnecessary over/underflow (see Section 2.7 of Basic Linear Algebra Subprograms Technical (BLAST) Forum (2001)).

8 Parallelism and Performance

Not applicable.

9 Further Comments

None.

10 Example

This example initializes a 4 by 3 complex matrix A , setting diagonal elements $9.0 + 0.0i$ and off-diagonal elements to $0.5 - 0.3i$.

10.1 Program Text

```

/* nag_zge_load (f16thc) Example Program.
 *
 * Copyright 2005 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 8, 2005.
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagf16.h>
#include <nagx04.h>

int main(void)
{
    /* Scalars */
    Complex      alpha, diag;
    Integer      exit_status, m, n, pda;

    /* Arrays */
    Complex      *a = 0;

    /* Nag Types */
    NagError     fail;
    Nag_OrderType order;

#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
    order = Nag_ColMajor;
#else
    order = Nag_RowMajor;
#endif

    exit_status = 0;
    INIT_FAIL(fail);

    printf("nag_zge_load (f16thc) Example Program Results\n\n");

    /* Skip heading in data file */
    scanf("%*[\n] ");

    /* Read the problem dimensions */
    scanf("%ld%ld%*[\n] ", &m, &n);

    /* Read scalar parameters */
    scanf(" ( %lf , %lf ) ( %lf , %lf )%*[\n] ",
          &alpha.re, &alpha.im, &diag.re, &diag.im);

#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
    pda = m;
#else
    pda = n;
#endif

    if (m > 0 && n > 0)
    {
        /* Allocate memory */
        if (!(a = NAG_ALLOC(m*n, Complex)))
        {
            printf("Allocation failure\n");
            exit_status = -1;
            goto END;
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }
}
else
{
    printf("Invalid m or n\n");
    exit_status = 1;
    return exit_status;
}

/* nag_zge_load (f16thc).
 * Initialize complex general matrix.
 */
nag_zge_load(order, m, n, alpha, diag, a, pda, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from nag_zge_load.\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Print generated matrix A */
/* nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp (x04dbc).
 * Print complex general matrix (comprehensive)
 */
fflush(stdout);
nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp(order, Nag_GeneralMatrix,
                              Nag_NonUnitDiag, m, n, a, pda,
                              Nag_BracketForm, "%5.2f",
                              "Generated Matrix A", Nag_IntegerLabels,
                              0, Nag_IntegerLabels, 0, 80, 0, 0,
                              &fail);

if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp (x04dbc).\n%s"
          "\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

END:
    NAG_FREE(a);

    return exit_status;
}

```

10.2 Program Data

nag_zge_load (f16thc) Example Program Data
 4 3 : m, n the dimensions of matrix A
 (0.5,-0.3) (9.0, 0.0) : alpha, diag

10.3 Program Results

nag_zge_load (f16thc) Example Program Results

```

Generated Matrix A
      1          2          3
1 ( 9.00, 0.00) ( 0.50,-0.30) ( 0.50,-0.30)
2 ( 0.50,-0.30) ( 9.00, 0.00) ( 0.50,-0.30)
3 ( 0.50,-0.30) ( 0.50,-0.30) ( 9.00, 0.00)
4 ( 0.50,-0.30) ( 0.50,-0.30) ( 0.50,-0.30)

```
