

NAG Library Function Document

nag_ztrexc (f08qtc)

1 Purpose

nag_ztrexc (f08qtc) reorders the Schur factorization of a complex general matrix.

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagf08.h>
void nag_ztrexc (Nag_OrderType order, Nag_ComputeQType compq, Integer n,
                 Complex t[], Integer pdt, Complex q[], Integer pdq, Integer ifst,
                 Integer ilst, NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

nag_ztrexc (f08qtc) reorders the Schur factorization of a complex general matrix $A = QTQ^H$, so that the diagonal element of T with row index **ifst** is moved to row **ilst**.

The reordered Schur form \tilde{T} is computed by a unitary similarity transformation: $\tilde{T} = Z^H TZ$. Optionally the updated matrix \tilde{Q} of Schur vectors is computed as $\tilde{Q} = QZ$, giving $A = \tilde{Q}\tilde{T}\tilde{Q}^H$.

4 References

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

5 Arguments

1: **order** – Nag_OrderType *Input*

On entry: the **order** argument specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order** = Nag_RowMajor. See Section 3.2.1.3 in the Essential Introduction for a more detailed explanation of the use of this argument.

Constraint: **order** = Nag_RowMajor or Nag_ColMajor.

2: **compq** – Nag_ComputeQType *Input*

On entry: indicates whether the matrix Q of Schur vectors is to be updated.

compq = Nag_UpdateSchur

The matrix Q of Schur vectors is updated.

compq = Nag_NotQ

No Schur vectors are updated.

Constraint: **compq** = Nag_UpdateSchur or Nag_NotQ.

3: **n** – Integer *Input*

On entry: n , the order of the matrix T .

Constraint: **n** ≥ 0 .

4: **t**[*dim*] – Complex *Input/Output*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **t** must be at least $\max(1, \mathbf{pdt} \times \mathbf{n})$.

The (*i*, *j*)th element of the matrix *T* is stored in

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{t}[(j-1) \times \mathbf{pdt} + i - 1] &\text{ when } \mathbf{order} = \text{Nag_ColMajor}; \\ \mathbf{t}[(i-1) \times \mathbf{pdt} + j - 1] &\text{ when } \mathbf{order} = \text{Nag_RowMajor}. \end{aligned}$$

On entry: the *n* by *n* upper triangular matrix *T*, as returned by nag_zhseqr (f08psc).

On exit: **t** is overwritten by the updated matrix \tilde{T} .

5: **pdt** – Integer *Input*

On entry: the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **t**.

Constraint: $\mathbf{pdt} \geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$.

6: **q**[*dim*] – Complex *Input/Output*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **q** must be at least

$$\begin{aligned} \max(1, \mathbf{pdq} \times \mathbf{n}) &\text{ when } \mathbf{compq} = \text{Nag_UpdateSchur}; \\ 1 &\text{ when } \mathbf{compq} = \text{Nag_NotQ}. \end{aligned}$$

The (*i*, *j*)th element of the matrix *Q* is stored in

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{q}[(j-1) \times \mathbf{pdq} + i - 1] &\text{ when } \mathbf{order} = \text{Nag_ColMajor}; \\ \mathbf{q}[(i-1) \times \mathbf{pdq} + j - 1] &\text{ when } \mathbf{order} = \text{Nag_RowMajor}. \end{aligned}$$

On entry: if **compq** = Nag_UpdateSchur, **q** must contain the *n* by *n* unitary matrix *Q* of Schur vectors.

On exit: if **compq** = Nag_UpdateSchur, **q** contains the updated matrix of Schur vectors.

If **compq** = Nag_NotQ, **q** is not referenced.

7: **pdq** – Integer *Input*

On entry: the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **q**.

Constraints:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{if } \mathbf{compq} = \text{Nag_UpdateSchur}, \mathbf{pdq} &\geq \max(1, \mathbf{n}); \\ \text{if } \mathbf{compq} = \text{Nag_NotQ}, \mathbf{pdq} &\geq 1. \end{aligned}$$

8: **ifst** – Integer *Input*

9: **ilst** – Integer *Input*

On entry: **ifst** and **ilst** must specify the reordering of the diagonal elements of *T*. The element with row index **ifst** is moved to row **ilst** by a sequence of exchanges between adjacent elements.

Constraint: $1 \leq \mathbf{ifst} \leq \mathbf{n}$ and $1 \leq \mathbf{ilst} \leq \mathbf{n}$.

10: **fail** – NagError * *Input/Output*

The NAG error argument (see Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_ALLOC_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument $\langle value \rangle$ had an illegal value.

NE_ENUM_INT_2

On entry, **compq** = $\langle value \rangle$, **pdq** = $\langle value \rangle$ and **n** = $\langle value \rangle$.
 Constraint: if **compq** = Nag_UpdateSchur, **pdq** $\geq \max(1, n)$;
 if **compq** = Nag_NotQ, **pdq** ≥ 1 .

NE_INT

On entry, **n** = $\langle value \rangle$.
 Constraint: **n** ≥ 0 .

On entry, **pdq** = $\langle value \rangle$.
 Constraint: **pdq** > 0 .

On entry, **pdt** = $\langle value \rangle$.
 Constraint: **pdt** > 0 .

NE_INT_2

On entry, **pdt** = $\langle value \rangle$ and **n** = $\langle value \rangle$.
 Constraint: **pdt** $\geq \max(1, n)$.

NE_INT_3

On entry, **n** = $\langle value \rangle$, **ifst** = $\langle value \rangle$ and **ilst** = $\langle value \rangle$.
 Constraint: $1 \leq \text{ifst} \leq n$ and $1 \leq \text{ilst} \leq n$.

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

7 Accuracy

The computed matrix \tilde{T} is exactly similar to a matrix $(T + E)$, where

$$\|E\|_2 = O(\epsilon)\|T\|_2,$$

and ϵ is the **machine precision**.

The values of the eigenvalues are never changed by the reordering.

8 Parallelism and Performance

`nag_ztrexc` (f08qtc) is not threaded by NAG in any implementation.

`nag_ztrexc` (f08qtc) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

9 Further Comments

The total number of real floating-point operations is approximately $20nr$ if **compq** = Nag_NotQ, and $40nr$ if **compq** = Nag_UpdateSchur, where $r = |\text{ifst} - \text{ilst}|$.

The real analogue of this function is `nag_dtrexc` (f08qfc).

10 Example

This example reorders the Schur factorization of the matrix T so that element t_{11} is moved to t_{44} , where

$$T = \begin{pmatrix} -6.00 - 7.00i & 0.36 - 0.36i & -0.19 + 0.48i & 0.88 - 0.25i \\ 0.00 + 0.00i & -5.00 + 2.00i & -0.03 - 0.72i & -0.23 + 0.13i \\ 0.00 + 0.00i & 0.00 + 0.00i & 8.00 - 1.00i & 0.94 + 0.53i \\ 0.00 + 0.00i & 0.00 + 0.00i & 0.00 + 0.00i & 3.00 - 4.00i \end{pmatrix}.$$

10.1 Program Text

```
/* nag_ztrexc (f08qtc) Example Program.
*
* Copyright 2001 Numerical Algorithms Group.
*
* Mark 7, 2001.
*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagf08.h>
#include <nagx04.h>

int main(void)
{
    /* Scalars */
    Integer      i, ifst, ilst, j, n, pdq, pdt;
    Integer      exit_status = 0;
    NagError      fail;
    Nag_OrderType order;
    /* Arrays */
    Complex      *q = 0, *t = 0;

#ifndef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
#define T(I, J) t[(J-1)*pdt + I - 1]
    order = Nag_ColMajor;
#else
#define T(I, J) t[(I-1)*pdt + J - 1]
    order = Nag_RowMajor;
#endif

    INIT_FAIL(fail);

    printf("nag_ztrexc (f08qtc) Example Program Results\n\n");

    /* Skip heading in data file */
    scanf("%*[^\n] ");
    scanf("%ld%*[^\n] ", &n);
    #ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
        pdq = 1;
        pdt = n;
    #else
        pdq = 1;
        pdt = n;
    #endif

    /* Allocate memory */
    if (!(q = NAG_ALLOC(1 * 1, Complex)) ||
        !(t = NAG_ALLOC(n * n, Complex)))
    {
        printf("Allocation failure\n");
        exit_status = -1;
        goto END;
    }

    /* Read T from data file */
    for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
    {
        /* Read row i of T */
        for (j = 1; j <= n; ++j)
            /* Read element T(i,j) */
            /* Process element T(i,j) */
    }
}

END:
    /* Free memory */
    NAG_FREE(q);
    NAG_FREE(t);
}

```

```

        for (j = 1; j <= n; ++j)
            scanf(" (% lf , % lf )", &T(i, j).re, &T(i, j).im);
    }
    scanf("%*[^\n] ");
    scanf("%ld%ld%*[^\n] ", &ifst, &ilst);

/* Reorder the Schur factorization T */
/* nag_ztrexc (f08qtc). */
* Reorder Schur factorization of complex matrix using
* unitary similarity transformation
*/
nag_ztrexc(order, Nag_NotQ, n, t, pdt, q, pdq, ifst, ilst, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from nag_ztrexc (f08qtc).\\n%s\\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}
/* Print reordered Schur form */
/* nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp (x04dbc).
 * Print complex general matrix (comprehensive)
*/
fflush(stdout);
nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp(order, Nag_GeneralMatrix, Nag_NonUnitDiag, n,
                               n, t, pdt, Nag_BracketForm, "%7.4f",
                               "Reordered Schur form", Nag_IntegerLabels,
                               0, Nag_IntegerLabels, 0, 80, 0, 0,
                               &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf(
        "Error from nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp (x04dbc).\\n%s\\n",
        fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}
END:
NAG_FREE(q);
NAG_FREE(t);

return exit_status;
}

```

10.2 Program Data

```

nag_ztrexc (f08qtc) Example Program Data
 4 :Value of N
(-6.00,-7.00) ( 0.36,-0.36) (-0.19, 0.48) ( 0.88,-0.25)
( 0.00, 0.00) (-5.00, 2.00) (-0.03,-0.72) (-0.23, 0.13)
( 0.00, 0.00) ( 0.00, 0.00) ( 8.00,-1.00) ( 0.94, 0.53)
( 0.00, 0.00) ( 0.00, 0.00) ( 0.00, 0.00) ( 3.00,-4.00) :End of matrix T
 1 4 :Values of IFST and ILST

```

10.3 Program Results

```
nag_ztrexc (f08qtc) Example Program Results
```

Reordered Schur form				
	1	2	3	4
1	(-5.0000, 2.0000)	(-0.1574, 0.7143)	(0.1781,-0.1913)	(0.3950, 0.3861)
2	(0.0000, 0.0000)	(8.0000,-1.0000)	(1.0742, 0.1447)	(0.2515,-0.3397)
3	(0.0000, 0.0000)	(0.0000, 0.0000)	(3.0000,-4.0000)	(0.2264, 0.8962)
4	(0.0000, 0.0000)	(0.0000, 0.0000)	(0.0000, 0.0000)	(-6.0000,-7.0000)
