

NAG Library Function Document

nag_opt_sparse_nlp_option_set_file (e04vkc)

1 Purpose

nag_opt_sparse_nlp_option_set_file (e04vkc) may be used to supply optional arguments to nag_opt_sparse_nlp_solve (e04vhc) from an external file. The initialization function nag_opt_sparse_nlp_init (e04vgc) **must** have been called before calling nag_opt_sparse_nlp_option_set_file (e04vkc).

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nage04.h>
void nag_opt_sparse_nlp_option_set_file (Nag_FileID fileid,
                                         Nag_E04State *state, NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

nag_opt_sparse_nlp_option_set_file (e04vkc) may be used to supply values for optional arguments to nag_opt_sparse_nlp_solve (e04vhc). nag_opt_sparse_nlp_option_set_file (e04vkc) reads an external file whose **fileid** has been returned by a call to nag_open_file (x04acc). nag_open_file (x04acc) must be called to provide **fileid**. Each line of the file defines a single optional argument. It is only necessary to supply values for those arguments whose values are to be different from their default values.

Each optional argument is defined by a single character string consisting of one or more items. The items associated with a given option must be separated by spaces, or equals signs [=]. Alphabetic characters may be upper or lower case. The string

```
Print Level = 1
```

is an example of a string used to set an optional argument. For each option the string contains one or more of the following items:

- a mandatory keyword.
- a phrase that qualifies the keyword.
- a number that specifies an Integer or double value. Such numbers may be up to 16 contiguous characters which can be read using C's d or g formats, terminated by a space if this is not the last item on the line.

Blank strings and comments are ignored. A comment begins with an asterisk (*) and all subsequent characters in the string are regarded as part of the comment.

The file containing the options must start with **Begin** and must finish with **End**. An example of a valid options file is:

```
Begin * Example options file
      Print level = 5
End
```

Optional argument settings are preserved following a call to nag_opt_sparse_nlp_solve (e04vhc) and so the keyword **Defaults** is provided to allow you to reset all the optional arguments to their default values before a subsequent call to nag_opt_sparse_nlp_solve (e04vhc).

A complete list of optional arguments, their abbreviations, synonyms and default values is given in Section 12 in nag_opt_sparse_nlp_solve (e04vhc).

4 References

None.

5 Arguments

- 1: **fileid** – Nag_FileID *Input*
On entry: the ID of the option file to be read as returned by a call to nag_open_file (x04acc).
- 2: **state** – Nag_E04State * *Communication Structure*
state contains internal information required for functions in this suite. It must not be modified in any way.
- 3: **fail** – NagError * *Input/Output*
The NAG error argument (see Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument $\langle value \rangle$ had an illegal value.

NE_E04VGC_NOT_INIT

Initialization function nag_opt_sparse_nlp_init (e04vgc) has not been called.

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

NE_OPTIONS_FILE_READ_FAILURE

At least one line of the options file is invalid.

Could not read options file on unit **fileid** = $\langle value \rangle$.

7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

8 Parallelism and Performance

Not applicable.

9 Further Comments

nag_opt_sparse_nlp_option_set_string (e04vlc), nag_opt_sparse_nlp_option_set_integer (e04vmc) or nag_opt_sparse_nlp_option_set_double (e04vnc) may also be used to supply optional arguments to nag_opt_sparse_nlp_solve (e04vhc).

10 Example

This example solves the same problem as the example in the document for nag_opt_sparse_nlp_solve (e04vhc), but sets and reads some optional arguments first. See Section 10 in nag_opt_sparse_nlp_solve (e04vhc) for further details.

The example in the document for nag_opt_sparse_nlp_jacobian (e04vjc) also solves the same problem (see Section 10 in nag_opt_sparse_nlp_jacobian (e04vjc)), but it first calls nag_opt_sparse_nlp_jacobian (e04vjc) to determine the sparsity pattern before calling nag_opt_sparse_nlp_option_set_file (e04vkc).

10.1 Program Text

```
/* nag_opt_sparse_nlp_option_set_file (e04vkc) Example Program.
*
* Copyright 2004 Numerical Algorithms Group.
*
* Mark 8, 2004.
*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nage04.h>

#ifndef __cplusplus
extern "C" {
#endif
static void NAG_CALL usrfun(Integer *status, Integer n, const double x[],
                           Integer needf, Integer nf, double f[],
                           Integer needg, Integer leng, double g[],
                           Nag_Comm *comm);
#ifndef __cplusplus
}
#endif

int main(void)
{
    const char *optionsfile = "e04vkce.opt";

    /* Scalars */
    double bndinf, featol, objadd, sinf,
    Integer elmode, exit_status = 0, i, lena, leng, n, nea, neg, nf, nfname,
    ninf;
    Integer ns, nxname, objrow;

    /* Arrays */
    static double ruser[1] = {-1.0};
    char nag_enum_arg[40];
    char **fnames = 0, *prob = 0, **xnames = 0;
    double *a = 0, *f = 0, *flow = 0, *fmul = 0, *fupp = 0;
    double *x = 0, *xlow = 0, *xmul = 0, *xupp = 0;
    Integer *fstate = 0, *iafun = 0, *igfun = 0, *iuser = 0, *javar = 0;
    Integer *jgvar = 0, *xstate = 0;

    /* Nag Types */
    Nag_E04State state;
    NagError fail;
    Nag_Comm comm;
    Nag_Start start;
    Nag_FileID optfileid, outfileid;

    INIT_FAIL(fail);

    printf("%s\n",
           "nag_opt_sparse_nlp_option_set_file (e04vkc) Example Program"
           " Results");

    /* For communication with user-supplied functions: */
    comm.user = ruser;

    fflush(stdout);

    /* This program demonstrates the use of routines to set and get values of
```

```

* optional parameters associated with nag_opt_sparse_nlp_solve (e04vhc).
 */

/* Skip heading in data file */
scanf("%*[^\n] ");
scanf("%ld%ld%*[^\n] ", &n, &nf);
scanf("%ld%ld%ld %39s %*[^\n] ", &nea, &neg,
      &objrow, nag_enum_arg);

/* nag_enum_name_to_value (x04nac).
 * Converts NAG enum member name to value
 */
start = (Nag_Start) nag_enum_name_to_value(nag_enum_arg);

if (n > 0 && nf > 0 && nea > 0 && neg > 0)
{
    nxname = n;
    nfname = nf;

    /* Allocate memory */
    if (!(fnames = NAG_ALLOC(nfname, char *)) ||
        !(prob = NAG_ALLOC(9, char)) ||
        !(xnames = NAG_ALLOC(nxname, char *)) ||
        !(a = NAG_ALLOC(300, double)) ||
        !(f = NAG_ALLOC(100, double)) ||
        !(flow = NAG_ALLOC(100, double)) ||
        !(fmul = NAG_ALLOC(100, double)) ||
        !(fupp = NAG_ALLOC(100, double)) ||
        !(x = NAG_ALLOC(100, double)) ||
        !(xlow = NAG_ALLOC(100, double)) ||
        !(xmul = NAG_ALLOC(100, double)) ||
        !(xupp = NAG_ALLOC(100, double)) ||
        !(fstate = NAG_ALLOC(100, Integer)) ||
        !(iafun = NAG_ALLOC(300, Integer)) ||
        !(igfun = NAG_ALLOC(300, Integer)) ||
        !(iuser = NAG_ALLOC(1, Integer)) ||
        !(javar = NAG_ALLOC(300, Integer)) ||
        !(jgvar = NAG_ALLOC(300, Integer)) ||
        !(xstate = NAG_ALLOC(100, Integer)))
    {
        printf("Allocation failure\n");
        exit_status = -1;
        goto END;
    }
}
else
{
    printf("Invalid n or nf or nea or neg\n");
    exit_status = 1;
    return exit_status;
}
lena = MAX(1, nea);
leng = MAX(1, neg);
objadd = 0.;
strcpy(prob, " ");

/* Read the variable names xnames */

for (i = 0; i < nxname; ++i) {
    xnames[i] = NAG_ALLOC(9, char);
    scanf(" ', %8s '", xnames[i]);
}
scanf("%*[^\n] ");

/* Read the function names fnames */
for (i = 0; i < nfname; ++i) {
    fnames[i] = NAG_ALLOC(9, char);
    scanf(" '%8s'", fnames[i]);
}
scanf("%*[^\n] ");

```

```

/* Read the sparse matrix A, the linear part of F */
for (i = 0; i < nea; ++i) {
    /* For each element read row, column, A(row,column) */
    scanf("%ld%ld%lf%*[^\n] ", &i.fun[i], &j.fun[i], &a[i]);
}
/* Read the structure of sparse matrix g, the nonlinear part of f */
for (i = 0; i < neg; ++i) {
    /* For each element read row, column */
    scanf("%ld%ld%*[^\n] ", &i.fun[i], &j.fun[i]);
}

/* Read the lower and upper bounds on the variables */
for (i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
    scanf("%lf%lf%*[^\n] ", &xlow[i], &xupp[i]);
}

/* Read the lower and upper bounds on the functions */
for (i = 0; i < nf; ++i) {
    scanf("%lf%lf%*[^\n] ", &f_low[i], &f_upp[i]);
}

/* Initialise x, xstate, xmul, f, fstate, fmul */
for (i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
    scanf("%lf", &x[i]);
}
scanf("%*[^\n] ");

for (i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
    scanf("%ld", &xstate[i]);
}
scanf("%*[^\n] ");

for (i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
    scanf("%lf", &xmul[i]);
}
scanf("%*[^\n] ");

for (i = 0; i < nf; ++i) {
    scanf("%lf", &f[i]);
}
scanf("%*[^\n] ");

for (i = 0; i < nf; ++i) {
    scanf("%ld", &fstate[i]);
}
scanf("%*[^\n] ");

for (i = 0; i < nf; ++i) {
    scanf("%lf", &fmul[i]);
}
scanf("%*[^\n] ");

/* Initialise e04vhc using nag_opt_sparse_nlp_init (e04vgc):
 * Initialization function for nag_opt_sparse_nlp_solve (e04vhc).
 */
nag_opt_sparse_nlp_init(&state, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    printf("Initialisation of nag_opt_sparse_nlp_init (e04vgc) failed.\n%s\n",
           fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* By default nag_opt_sparse_nlp_solve (e04vhc) does not print monitoring
 * information. Call nag_open_file (x04acc) to set the print file outfileid
 */
/* nag_open_file (x04acc).
 * Open unit number for reading, writing or appending, and
 * associate unit with named file
 */
nag_open_file("", 2, &outfileid, &fail);

```

```

if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    exit_status = 2;
    goto END;
}
/* nag_opt_sparse_nlp_option_set_integer (e04vmc).
 * Set a single option for nag_opt_sparse_nlp_solve (e04vhc)
 * from an integer argument
 */
nag_opt_sparse_nlp_option_set_integer("Print file", outfileid, &state, &fail);

if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Use nag_opt_sparse_nlp_option_set_file (e04vkc) to read some options from
 * the options file. Call nag_open_file (x04acc) to set the
 * options file optfileid.
 */
nag_open_file(optionsfile, 0, &optfileid, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    nag_close_file(optfileid, &fail);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}
/* nag_opt_sparse_nlp_option_set_file (e04vkc).
 * Supply optional parameter values for
 * nag_opt_sparse_nlp_solve (e04vhc) from external file
 */
nag_opt_sparse_nlp_option_set_file(optfileid, &state, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    nag_close_file(optfileid, &fail);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}
printf("\n");

/* Find the value of Integer-valued option 'Elastic mode' using
 * nag_opt_sparse_nlp_option_get_integer (e04vrc):
 * Get the setting of an integer valued option of
 * nag_opt_sparse_nlp_solve (e04vhc)
 */
nag_opt_sparse_nlp_option_get_integer("Elastic mode", &elmode, &state, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    nag_close_file(optfileid, &fail);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}
printf("Option 'Elastic mode' has the value %3ld.\n", elmode);

/* Use nag_opt_sparse_nlp_option_set_double (e04vnc) to set the value of
 * real-valued option 'Infinite bound size'.
 */
bndinf = 1e10;
/* nag_opt_sparse_nlp_option_set_double (e04vnc).
 * Set a single option for nag_opt_sparse_nlp_solve (e04vhc)
 * from a double argument
 */
nag_opt_sparse_nlp_option_set_double("Infinite bound size", bndinf, &state,
                                     &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    nag_close_file(optfileid, &fail);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Find the value of real-valued option 'Feasibility tolerance' using
 * nag_opt_sparse_nlp_option_get_double (e04vsc):
 * Get the setting of a double valued option of
 * nag_opt_sparse_nlp_solve (e04vhc)
 */

```

```

nag_opt_sparse_nlp_option_get_double("Feasibility tolerance", &featol,
                                     &state,
                                     &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    nag_close_file(optfileid, &fail);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}
printf("Option 'Feasibility tolerance' has the value %14.5e.\n",featol);

/* Set the option 'Major iterations limit' using
 * nag_opt_sparse_nlp_option_set_string (e04vlc):
 *   Set a single option for nag_opt_sparse_nlp_solve (e04vhc)
 *   from a character string
 */
nag_opt_sparse_nlp_option_set_string("Major iterations limit 50", &state,
                                      &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    nag_close_file(optfileid, &fail);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}
fflush(stdout);

/* Solve the problem. */
/* nag_opt_sparse_nlp_solve (e04vhc).
 * General sparse nonlinear optimizer
 */
fflush(stdout);
nag_opt_sparse_nlp_solve(start, nf, n, nxname, nfname, objadd, objrow, prob,
                        usrfun, iafun, javar, a, lena, nea, igfun, jgvar,
                        leng, neg, xlow, xupp, (const char **) xnames, flow,
                        fupp, (const char **) fnames, x, xstate, xmul, f,
                        fstate, fmul, &nns, &ninf, &sinf, &state, &comm,
                        &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    printf("Error from nag_opt_sparse_nlp_solve (e04vhc).\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}
nag_close_file(optfileid, &fail);

printf("Final objective value = %11.1f\n", f[objrow - 1]);
printf("Optimal X = ");

for (i = 0; i < n; ++i)
    printf("%9.2f%s", x[i], i%7 == 6 || i == n-1 ? "\n" : " ");

END:
for (i = 0; i < nxname; i++)
    NAG_FREE(xnames[i]);
for (i = 0; i < nfname; i++)
    NAG_FREE(fnames[i]);
NAG_FREE(xnames);
NAG_FREE(prob);
NAG_FREE(a);
NAG_FREE(f);
NAG_FREE(flow);
NAG_FREE(fmul);
NAG_FREE(fupp);
NAG_FREE(x);
NAG_FREE(xlow);
NAG_FREE(xmul);
NAG_FREE(xupp);
NAG_FREE(fstate);
NAG_FREE(iafun);
NAG_FREE(igfun);
NAG_FREE(iuser);
NAG_FREE(javar);
NAG_FREE(jgvar);

```

```

    NAG_FREE(xstate);

    return exit_status;
}

static void NAG_CALL usrfun(Integer *status, Integer n, const double x[],
    Integer needf, Integer nf, double f[],
    Integer needg, Integer leng, double g[],
    Nag_Comm *comm)
{
    if (comm->user[0] == -1.0)
    {
        fflush(stdout);
        printf("(User-supplied callback usrfun, first invocation.)\n");
        comm->user[0] = 0.0;
        fflush(stdout);
    }
    if (needf > 0)
    {
        /* The nonlinear components of f_i(x) need to be assigned, */
        f[0] = sin(-x[0] - .25) * 1e3 + sin(-x[1] - .25) * 1e3;
        f[1] = sin(x[0] - .25) * 1e3 + sin(x[0] - x[1] - .25) * 1e3;
        f[2] = sin(x[1] - x[0] - .25) * 1e3 + sin(x[1] - .25) * 1e3;
        /* N.B. in this example there is no need to assign for the wholly */
        /* linear components f_4(x) and f_5(x). */
        f[5] = x[2] * (x[2] * x[2]) * 1e-6 + x[3] * (x[3] * x[3]) * 2e-6 / 3.;

    }

    if (needg > 0)
    {
        /* The derivatives of the function f_i(x) need to be assigned.
         * g[k-1] should be set to partial derivative df_i(x)/dx_j where
         * i = igfun[k-1] and j = igvar[k-1], for k = 1 to LENG.
         */
        g[0] = cos(-x[0] - .25) * -1e3;
        g[1] = cos(-x[1] - .25) * -1e3;
        g[2] = cos(x[0] - .25) * 1e3 + cos(x[0] - x[1] - .25) * 1e3;
        g[3] = cos(x[0] - x[1] - .25) * -1e3;
        g[4] = cos(x[1] - x[0] - .25) * -1e3;
        g[5] = cos(x[1] - x[0] - .25) * 1e3 + cos(x[1] - .25) * 1e3;
        g[6] = x[2] * x[2] * 3e-6;
        g[7] = x[3] * x[3] * 2e-6;
    }

    return;
} /* usrfun */

```

10.2 Program Data

```

nag_opt_sparse_nlp_option_set_file (e04vkc) Example Program Data
 4   6          : Values of n and nf
 8   8   6   Nag_Cold  : Values of nea, neg, objrow and start

'X1      ' 'X2      ' 'X3      ' 'X4      ' : XNAMES
'NlnCon_1' 'NlnCon_2' 'NlnCon_3' 'LinCon_1' 'LinCon_2' 'Objectiv' : FNAMES

1  3 -1.0E0  : Nonzero elements of sparse matrix A, the linear part of F.
2  4 -1.0E0  : Each row IAFUN(i), JAVAR(i), A(IAFUN(i),JAVAR(i)), i = 1 to nea
4  1 -1.0E0
4  2  1.0E0
5  1  1.0E0
5  2 -1.0E0
6  3  3.0E0
6  4  2.0E0

1  1      : Nonzero row/column structure of G, IGFUN(i), JGVAR(i), i = 1 to neg
1  2
2  1
2  2
3  1

```

```

3 2
6 3
6 4

-0.55E0    0.55E0 : Bounds on the variables, XLOW(i), XUPP(i), for i = 1 to n
-0.55E0    0.55E0
0.0E0     1200.0E0
0.0E0     1200.0E0

-894.8E0 -894.8E0 : Bounds on the functions, FLOW(i), FUPP(i), for i = 1 to nf
-894.8E0 -894.8E0
-1294.8E0 -1294.8E0
-0.55E0     1.0E25
-0.55E0     1.0E25
-1.0E25     1.0E25

0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0          : Initial values of X(i), for i = 1 to n
0 0 0 0                  : Initial values of XSTATE(i), for i = 1 to n
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0          : Initial values of XMUL(i), for i = 1 to n

0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 : Initial values of F(i), for i = 1 to nf
0 0 0 0 0              : Initial values of FSTATE(i), for i = 1 to nf
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 : Initial values of FMUL(i), for i = 1 to nf

Begin nag_opt_sparse_nlp_option_set_file (e04vkc) example options file
* Comment lines like this begin with an asterisk.
* Switch off output of timing information:
Timing level 0
* Allow elastic variables:
Elastic mode 1
* Set the feasibility tolerance:
Feasibility tolerance 1.0E-4
End

```

10.3 Program Results

nag_opt_sparse_nlp_option_set_file (e04vkc) Example Program Results

```

OPTIONS file
-----
Begin nag_opt_sparse_nlp_option_set_file (e04vkc) example options file
* Comment lines like this begin with an asterisk.
* Switch off output of timing information:
Timing level 0
* Allow elastic variables:
Elastic mode 1
* Set the feasibility tolerance:
Feasibility tolerance 1.0E-4
End

E04VKZ EXIT 100 -- finished successfully
E04VKZ INFO 101 -- OPTIONS file read

Option 'Elastic mode' has the value 1.
Option 'Feasibility tolerance' has the value 1.000000e-04.

Parameters
=====
Files
-----
Solution file..... 0 Old basis file ..... 0 (Print file)..... 6
Insert file..... 0 New basis file ..... 0 (Summary file)..... 0
Punch file..... 0 Backup basis file..... 0
Load file..... 0 Dump file..... 0

Frequencies
-----
Print frequency..... 100 Check frequency..... 60 Save new basis map..... 100

```

```

Summary frequency.....      100      Factorization frequency       50      Expand frequency.....     10000

QP subproblems
-----
QP solver Cholesky......
Scale tolerance.....      0.900      Minor feasibility tol.. 1.00E-04      Iteration limit.....    10000
Scale option.....          0          Minor optimality tol.. 1.00E-06      Minor print level.....   1
Crash tolerance.....     0.100      Pivot tolerance.....    2.05E-11      Partial price.....       1
Crash option.....          3          Elastic weight.....   1.00E+04      Prtl price section ( A)  4
                                         New superbasics..... 99      Prtl price section (-I) 6

The SQP Method
-----
Minimize.....            Cold start.....      Proximal Point method.. 1
Nonlinear objective vars 4          Objective Row.....      6          Function precision.... 1.72E-13
Unbounded step size.... 1.00E+10      Superbasics limit..... 4          Difference interval... 4.15E-07
Unbounded objective.... 1.00E+15      Reduced Hessian dim.... 4          Central difference int. 5.57E-05
Major step limit.....   2.00E+00      Derivative linesearch..
Major iterations limit. 50          Linesearch tolerance... 0.900000      Derivative option..... 1
Minor iterations limit. 500         Penalty parameter..... 0.00E+00      Verify level.....        0
                                         Major optimality tol... 2.00E-06      Major Print Level..... 1

Hessian Approximation
-----
Full-Memory Hessian....      Hessian updates..... 99999999      Hessian frequency..... 99999999
                                         Hessian flush.....   99999999

Nonlinear constraints
-----
Nonlinear constraints..     3          Major feasibility tol.. 1.00E-06      Violation limit..... 1.00E+06
Nonlinear Jacobian vars   2

Miscellaneous
-----
LU factor tolerance.... 3.99      LU singularity tol.... 2.05E-11      Timing level.....      0
LU update tolerance.... 3.99      LU swap tolerance..... 1.03E-04      Debug level.....       0
LU partial pivoting...    eps (machine precision) 1.11E-16      System information.... No

Matrix statistics
-----
          Total      Normal      Free      Fixed      Bounded
Rows          6          2          1          3          0
Columns        4          0          0          0          4

No. of matrix elements           14      Density      58.333
Biggest          1.0000E+00 (excluding fixed columns,
Smallest          0.0000E+00 free rows, and RHS)

No. of objective coefficients    2
Biggest          3.0000E+00 (excluding fixed columns)
Smallest          2.0000E+00

Nonlinear constraints      3      Linear constraints      3
Nonlinear variables        4      Linear variables        0
Jacobian variables        2      Objective variables      4
Total constraints         6      Total variables        4

(User-supplied callback usrfun, first invocation.)
The user has defined      8      out of      8      first derivatives

Cheap test of user-supplied problem derivatives...

The constraint gradients seem to be OK.

--> The largest discrepancy was 2.23E-08 in constraint      7

```

The objective gradients seem to be OK.

Gradient projected in one direction 0.0000000000E+00
 Difference approximation 4.49060460280E-21

Itns	Major	Minors	Step	nCon	Feasible	Optimal	MeritFunction	L+U	BSwap	nS	condHz	Penalty
3	0	3		1	8.0E+02	1.0E-00	0.0000000E+00	17		1	1.7E+07	_ r
4	1	1	1.2E-03	2	4.0E+02	9.9E-01	9.6317131E+05	16		1	4.8E+06	2.8E+00 _n xl
5	2	1	1.3E-03	3	2.7E+02	5.5E-01	9.6122945E+05	16			2.8E+00	_ s l
5	3	0	7.5E-03	4	8.8E+01	5.4E-01	9.4691061E+05	16			2.8E+00	_ l
5	4	0	2.3E-02	5	2.9E+01	5.3E-01	9.0468403E+05	16			2.8E+00	_ l
5	5	0	6.9E-02	6	8.9E+00	5.0E-01	7.8452897E+05	16			2.8E+00	_ l
6	6	1	2.2E-01	7	2.3E+00	5.5E+01	4.8112339E+05	16		1	8.7E+03	2.8E+00 _ l
7	7	1	8.3E-01	8	1.7E-01	4.2E+00	2.6898257E+04	16		1	7.6E+03	2.8E+00 _ l
8	8	1	1.0E+00	9	1.8E-02	8.7E+01	6.2192920E+03	15	1	1	1.2E+02	2.8E+00 _
9	9	1	1.0E+00	10	1.7E-02	7.9E+00	5.4526185E+03	15		1	9.4E+01	2.8E+00 _
10	10	1	1.0E+00	11	1.7E-04	9.6E-01	5.1266089E+03	15		1	1.0E+02	2.8E+00 _
11	11	1	1.0E+00	12	1.7E-06	5.8E-02	5.1264988E+03	15		1	9.5E+01	2.8E+00 _
12	12	1	1.0E+00	13	(1.2E-08)	6.9E-05	5.1264981E+03	15		1	9.5E+01	2.8E+00 _
13	13	1	1.0E+00	14	(6.7E-15)(3.0E-09)	5.1264981E+03		15		1	9.5E+01	6.0E+00 _

E04VHU EXIT 0 -- finished successfully
 E04VHU INFO 1 -- optimality conditions satisfied

Problem name
 No. of iterations 13 Objective value 5.1264981096E+03
 No. of major iterations 13 Linear objective 4.0919702248E+03
 Penalty parameter 6.029E+00 Nonlinear objective 1.0345278848E+03
 No. of calls to funobj 15 No. of calls to funcon 15
 No. of superbasics 1 No. of basic nonlinear 3
 No. of degenerate steps 0 Percentage 0.00
 Max x 4 1.0E+03 Max pi 3 5.5E+00
 Max Primal infeas 0 0.0E+00 Max Dual infeas 1 4.6E-08
 Nonlinear constraint violn 5.7E-12

Name Objective Value 5.1264981096E+03

Status Optimal Soln Iteration 13 Superbasics 1

Objective (Min)
 RHS
 Ranges
 Bounds

Section 1 - Rows

Number	...Row..	State	...Activity...	Slack	Activity	..Lower Limit.	..Upper Limit.	.Dual Activity	..i
5	NlnCon_1	EQ	-894.80000	0.00000	-894.80000	-894.80000	-4.38698		1
6	NlnCon_2	EQ	-894.80000	0.00000	-894.80000	-894.80000	-4.10563		2
7	NlnCon_3	EQ	-1294.80000	0.00000	-1294.80000	-1294.80000	-5.46328		3
8	LinCon_1	BS	-0.51511	0.03489	-0.55000	None	.		4
9	LinCon_2	BS	0.51511	1.06511	-0.55000	None	.		5
10	Objectiv	BS	4091.97022	4091.97022	None	None	-1.0		6

Section 2 - Columns

Number	.Column.	State	...Activity...	.Obj Gradient.	..Lower Limit.	..Upper Limit.	Reduced Gradnt	m+j
1	X1	BS	0.11888	.	-0.55000	0.55000	-0.00000	7
2	X2	BS	-0.39623	.	-0.55000	0.55000	0.00000	8
3	X3	SBS	679.94532	4.38698	.	1200.00000	0.00000	9
4	X4	BS	1026.06713	4.10563	.	1200.00000	-0.00000	10

Final objective value = 5126.5
 Optimal X = 0.12 -0.40 679.95 1026.07